

Department of Energy and Climate



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Communication objective

This annual report provides information about the Department of Energy and Climate's financial and non-financial performance for 2023–24. It has been prepared in accordance with the *Financial Accountability Act 2009*, the *Financial and Performance Management Standard 2019* and the *Annual report requirements for Queensland Government agencies*.

The report records the significant achievements against the strategies detailed in the department's *Strategic Plan 2023–2027* and the *2023–24 Service Delivery Statements*.

The Queensland Government is committed to providing accessible services to Queenslanders from all culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds. If you have difficulty understanding the annual report, you can contact us on 13 QGOV (13 74 68) and we will arrange an interpreter to communicate the report to you.



www.gld.gov.au/languages

Department of Energy and Climate Annual Report 2023-24

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Online open data reporting

Content for the following annual reporting requirements can also be accessed on the department's website www.energyandclimate.qld.gov.au and the Queensland Government data website at https://data.qld.gov.au.

- consultancies
- overseas travel
- Queensland Language Services Policy.

Letter of compliance

03 September 2024



Department of **Energy and Climate**

The Honourable Mick de Brenni MP
Minister for Energy and Clean Economy Jobs
Level 36, 1 William Street
BRISBANE QLD 4000

Dear Minister

I am pleased to submit for presentation to the Parliament, the Annual Report 2023–2024 and financial statements for the Department of Energy and Climate.

I certify that this Annual Report complies with:

- the prescribed requirements of the Financial Accountability Act 2009 and the Financial and Performance Management Standard 2019, and
- the detailed requirements set out in the *Annual report requirements for Queensland Government agencies*.

A checklist outlining the annual reporting requirements can be found at pages 60–61 of this annual report.

Yours sincerely

Paul Martyn PSM

Director-General

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Message from the Director-General

The newly formed Department of Energy and Climate (DEC) is addressing a set of public policy issues that are of vital significance to the future of Queensland. The work on the transformation of the energy system, the role of future fuels and hydrogen in that transformation, and how government procurement can achieve greater value for the state is now combined with the broader question of how to successfully reduce emissions whilst maintaining economic growth.

For DEC, the whole is truly greater than the sum of the parts. Integrating these agendas provides a broader opportunity to achieve our mission of new energy, less carbon, and more jobs. It also allows us to work in a more holistic way with key stakeholders and partner agencies, drawing together drivers around the interaction of a changing energy mix with emissions reduction and what this means for industries and communities across the state.

I also acknowledge the work of the previous Department of Energy and Public Works, who laid some important foundations for DEC to build upon.

In the short time since the department has been created, major steps forward have been taken in delivering certainty for industry, investors and communities. In April 2024, the Queensland Parliament passed two landmark pieces of legislation that will deliver direct action on climate change and increase economic opportunity across the state, and beyond.

The Clean Economy Jobs Act 2024 and Energy (Renewable Transformation and Jobs) Act 2024 create robust frameworks for change that have been carefully designed with stakeholder input and a review of contemporary best practice.

The legislation provides the infrastructure frameworks needed to build out an energy system that is clean, reliable, and affordable. It also establishes the Queensland Energy System Advisory Board, the Energy Industry Council, and the Queensland Renewable Energy Jobs Advocate. These bodies ensure independent expertise contributes to decision-making.

Communities are at the heart of Queensland's future clean energy system. The legislated Renewable Energy Zone framework is critical to ensure communities benefit from the growth of renewable energy and that the interaction between the renewables sector and local stakeholders is constructive. DEC has been working closely on the first Renewable Energy Zone Readiness Assessment with communities in central Queensland and has received positive feedback for this engagement. The mandatory code for renewable developers is nation-leading and will be built with stakeholder input.

The state's new emissions reduction targets have been legislated. What is critical is how these targets are achieved. The legislation sets up a structured process – the 'how' of emissions reduction – that involves a focus on practical solutions, strong engagement with key sectors, independent expert advice, and regular reviews.

This year, the state also ushered in new legislation to enable hydrogen and other renewable gases to be transported in pipelines. Hydrogen will be important for hard-to-abate sectors to reduce their emissions and we are working closely around key hydrogen hubs along the coast to plan for what a larger scale hydrogen industry will look like. In addition, new forms of fuel like sustainable aviation fuel and renewable diesel are solutions that will help the transport sector decarbonise, and we are partnering with other agencies and industries to develop approaches to advance these important opportunities.

Our approach is working. Queensland is now home to one of Australia's largest solar farms, the world's largest hydrogen electrolyser manufacturing facility, the largest battery blitz in Australia and, very soon, one of the largest onshore wind farms in the Southern Hemisphere.

Work is underway on the Central Queensland Hydrogen Project in Gladstone, forecast to create more than \$14 billion in exports, and the CopperString 2032 transmission line which will unlock the next resources boom.



Queenslanders are leading the way at home too, with more than 850,000 households and businesses having installed more than 5,200 megawatts of small-scale solar capacity. That's nearly two-thirds the capacity of Queensland's eight coal-fired power stations combined, and three times more than the state's largest at Gladstone.

Cost of living is a major issue for Queensland households and DEC has supported the administration of cost of living rebates for Queenslanders. The department has also worked to enable tens of thousands of households and businesses to reduce their power bills (and emissions too) through initiatives like the Battery Booster, QBEST and Climate Smart Energy Savers programs.

Queensland is leading Australia in its approach to government procurement and the new *Buy Queensland* strategy embeds and builds on that approach. Already, our *Buy Queensland* approach has injected almost \$80 billion into 85,800 local businesses – 37,100 of which are in our regions. The work we do is around encouraging more suppliers – including small business, regional businesses, indigenous businesses – to do work with the Queensland Government, creating opportunities and jobs across the state. Often a small contract can make a big difference. We are working to capture better data around how the state procures to help make even better decisions around how to create value from our spend.

Queenslanders spend a lot of time on the road and QFleet's ongoing leadership continues to support the transition to electric vehicles (EVs). Overall, the number of battery EVs registered in Queensland has more than tripled in 20 months to 46,200.

As you can see, 2023–24 has been a big year, with a lot done and a lot more to do.

While the department has changed this year, our approach has not. People are at the heart of everything we do – our own talented and passionate team and the connections we make with stakeholders right across Queensland. We constantly keep in mind why we do this work – to help Queenslanders navigate a changing world successfully.

I would like to acknowledge my Executive Leadership Team and the more than 400 people in DEC for their hard work, expertise and passion. It is a privilege to work with them and for the people of Queensland.

We play a critical role for Queensland, now and for generations to come. I'm immensely proud of how we have formed as a new department with a clear focus on what is important and I am looking forward to how we will continue to work together to deliver a strong future for Queensland.

Paul Martyn PSM Director-General



About us

Formed as a result of machinery-of-government changes effective 18 December 2023, the Department of Energy and Climate works together to grow Queensland by powering today, securing tomorrow, protecting existing jobs and creating new job opportunities – particularly in regional communities. This annual report outlines the progress the department has already made in leveraging innovative policy development and programs in energy, hydrogen and sustainable liquid fuels, climate, and procurement to contribute to Queensland's future and the government's objectives for the community. It recognises the ongoing work and key achievements across the department throughout the past year.

The Department of Energy and Climate was established on 18 December 2023 under the *Public Service Act* 2022 sections 197 and 198.

Our vision

Powering today, securing tomorrow.

Our purpose

New Energy. Less Carbon. More Jobs. A Clean Economy – Together.

Our operating environment

We are playing a significant role in Queensland's future by driving affordable, reliable and clean energy, emissions reduction and delivering our nation-leading government procurement approach that maximises value to Queenslanders.

We are leading efforts to ensure reliable, sustainable energy services are delivered to Queenslanders through the *Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan* (QEJP) and supporting the growth of a competitive hydrogen industry through the Hydrogen Hubs program and developing policy to promote sustainable fuels.

Our work continues in enabling the whole-of-government action to reduce emissions and meet our 2035 and 2050 emissions reduction targets through the *Clean Economy Jobs Act 2024*. As the Queensland Government fleet manager, QFleet is leading the government's transition to electric vehicles ensuring a low emissions future through the *Queensland Government Zero Emission Vehicle Strategy 2022–2032*.

The department's leading-edge procurement practices support the development of strong Queensland industries, build supplier capacity to do business with government, support jobs and grow our regions.

Our workforce is highly capable, and we strive to ensure that our systems are fit-for-purpose and that we are an employer of choice through our culture, our recruitment and training, and our governance practices.

Strategic opportunities, challenges and risks

In 2023–24, the department's strategic opportunities and challenges included:

- Sustainability—in an increasingly socially conscious world, we considered the integration of environmental, social and governance factors into how we do our business to support our economy and advance the sustainable development of our regions.
- Analytics and insights—we have continued to look at how to harness the power of research, data analytics and insights and the use of new technologies to innovate and improve decision-making.
- Investment—we continuously work towards investing in innovative technologies and engagements to assist achieving our goals, whilst encouraging public and private collaborations in emerging industries to create jobs and develop and strengthen local supply chains.
- Organisational resilience—we used lessons learned through severe disaster events to evolve our operating
 models, enhance our ability to respond to change, and subsequently build confidence in government
 services.

We understand our strategic risks and put actions in place to manage them to support our delivery:

- Capacity, capability and wellbeing we have been focussing on attracting, retaining, and investing in our
 people to build capability to deliver on our vision and purpose, and ensure our work environment supports
 staff wellbeing.
- Climate change we continued to act as a leader in climate science and climate change mitigation and adaptation driving a cleaner economy, more jobs and supporting communities to understand how to prosper in a low carbon world.
- Cyber-security we sought to adopt a consistent risk-based approach to maintain availability, confidentiality and integrity of our information and ensure our systems and programs are protected.

Machinery-of-government changes

As a result of the machinery-of-government changes that came into effect on 18 December 2023, the former Department of Energy and Public Works was renamed to the Department of Energy and Climate.

Incoming divisions or functions

The following table outlines those divisions or functions that joined the department due to these machinery-of-government changes and the related annual report where the financial statements can be found for the reporting period 1 July 2023 – 31 December 2023.

Incoming area/function	Date of Transfer	Related annual report
Climate	18 December 2023	Department of Environment, Science and Innovation Annual Report 2023–24
Future Economy Taskforce	18 December 2023	Department of the Premier and Cabinet Annual Report 2023–24
Regional Economic Futures Fund	18 December 2023	Department of State Development and Infrastructure Annual Report 2023–24

Outgoing divisions or functions

The following table outlines those divisions or functions that left the department due to machinery-of-government changes on 18 December 2023 and the related annual report where the financial statements can be found for the reporting period 1 January 2024 – 30 June 2024.

Outgoing area/function	Related annual report*	
Public Works	18 December 2023	Department of Housing, Local Government, Planning and Public Works Annual Report 2023–24

^{*} Non-financial performance information for the 2023–24 reporting period can be found in the related annual report.

Incoming and outgoing statutory bodies

As a result of the machinery-of-government changes, the following statutory bodies were transferred to the Minister for Housing, Local Government and Planning and Minister for Public Works portfolio from 18 December 2023. Each statutory body is required to produce its own annual report:

- Board of Architects of Queensland
- Board of Professional Engineers of Queensland
- Queensland Building and Construction Commission.

There were no incoming statutory bodies.

Our contribution to the Queensland Government's objectives for the community

We contributed to the Queensland Government's objectives for the community through our *Strategic Plan 2023–2027*.

Good Jobs



Supporting jobs – by investing in new energy infrastructure, developing Queensland Renewable Energy Zones, implementing the enhanced *Queensland Procurement Policy*, and supporting traditional jobs in our regions while driving clean economy investment and new jobs through measures to meet emissions reduction targets legislated under the *Clean Economy Jobs Act 2024*.



Backing small business – by supporting the small and medium enterprise procurement target, working to ensure government does business with ethically, socially and environmentally responsible suppliers and by delivering business energy savings programs.



Making it for Queensland – by investing in regions to embrace the opportunities created through energy transformation across the whole value chain including manufacturing, by supporting and investing in renewable fuels like hydrogen and sustainable liquid fuels, and by signalling government's decarbonisation commitments to encourage the development of low emissions technologies.



Investing in skills – by creating and securing jobs statewide as part of the *Queensland Energy* and *Jobs Plan* and the Tradies for the Transition strategy.

Better Services



Backing our frontline services – as a trusted partner in fleet management, providing value for money mobility solutions and services enabling Queensland Government agencies to safely deliver essential services to local communities. Empowering government buyers to achieve positive outcomes for Queensland through nation-leading public procurement.



Connecting Queensland – by developing the Renewable Energy Zone planning process that includes communities in planning, establishing an interim Energy Industry Council to facilitate progress of the Queensland Energy Workers' Charter and design of the Job Security Guarantee ensuring affected workers have secure choices, opportunities and pathways through the energy transformation, and making sure Queensland motorists can ease cost of living pressures by shopping around for the best priced fuel with our Fuel Price Reporting scheme.



Great Lifestyle



Protecting the environment – reducing carbon emissions by investing in renewables in the energy sector, including hydrogen and sustainable liquid fuels, by continuing the delivery of the *QFleet Electric Vehicle Transition Strategy 2023–2026*, by supporting sectors to decarbonise through the measures established under the *Clean Economy Jobs Act 2024*, and by driving effective adaptation to climate change based on world-class climate science and projections under the *Queensland Climate Adaptation Strategy 2017–2030*.



Growing our regions – by maximising local supplier participation in government procurement, assisting the transition of regional businesses through the Electricity Tariff Adjustment Scheme, delivering the Supercharging Hydrogen Hubs program, administering the Queensland biofuels mandates to continue to drive the uptake of sustainable liquid fuels, and providing certainty for investment in new low emissions industries by legislating the state's climate targets in the *Clean Economy Jobs Act 2024*.



Building Queensland – we are building a clean, competitive energy system for the Queensland economy and industries, which will act as a platform for growth. Our publicly owned energy businesses are leading the charge by:

- building, owning, and operating new renewable energy and storage, and partnering with the private sector to deliver clean and reliable energy to customers across the state.
- through direct equity or offtake agreements, our energy government owned corporations (GOCs) are cornerstone investors supporting around 5 GW of new generation and 1.15 GW of large-scale battery storage in Queensland by 2027–28, while they continue to pursue substantial further opportunities across the state.
- designing, planning and consulting with landholders on easements for SuperGrid backbone transmission, with these projects to progress through the new legislated Priority Transmission Investment framework.
- advancing the CopperString 2032 transmission line to unlock renewable energy and critical minerals investment along the corridor from Townsville to Mount Isa.
- undertaking assessments, consulting with stakeholders and progressing early works on the foundational Pumped Hydro Energy Storage (PHES) asset at Borumba Dam near Gympie – which will provide vital deep storage that is essential for Queensland's energy transformation, delivering clean, reliable and affordable power for generations.



Honouring and embracing our rich and ancient cultural history – by co-designing with remote First Nations communities and the Australian government an inclusive Remote and First Nations clean energy strategy, empowering First Nations peoples as part of the energy transformation through inclusive engagement to enhance opportunities for employment and business participation. Our *Buy Queensland 2023* approach reflects the Queensland Indigenous (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander) Procurement Policy's procurement target; enhances accessibility for suppliers from Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander backgrounds; ensures greater diversity in common-use supply arrangements; and focuses on representing regional and remote suppliers including remote Indigenous communities. The department is continuing to build the foundation for our Path to Treaty journey following the passing of the *Path to Treaty Act 2023* in May 2023.



Our services and objectives – aligning with the government's objectives for the community

Our Strategic Plan 2023–2027 outlined our vision and purpose, objectives and strategies, and demonstrates how the department contributes to the government's objectives for the community. The department's strategic plan can be found on our website at: www.energyandclimate.gld.gov.au

Our 2023–24 Service Delivery Statements (SDS) describes our services aligned to our objectives. Both documents demonstrate how we contribute to the government's objectives for the community.

Department's service areas (2023–24 SDS)	Department's objectives	Government's objectives for the community
Grow Queensland's energy sector Lead the energy sector to deliver reliable, affordable and renewable energy to Queensland households and businesses.	An affordable, cleaner energy future Underpin long-term prosperity by ensuring reliable, sustainable and affordable energy services and growing the renewable hydrogen and sustainable liquid fuels industries.	 Supporting jobs Backing small business Connecting Queensland Protecting the environment Growing our regions Building Queensland Honouring and embracing our rich and ancient cultural history
Procurement policy and enabling services Lead whole-of-government procurement practices that leverage government's buying power to prioritise Queensland businesses and jobs and ethical supply chains.	Nation-leading procurement Prioritise Queensland businesses and jobs through leading-edge, ethical procurement practices that leverage government's buying power.	 Supporting jobs Making it for Queensland Protecting the environment Growing our regions Building Queensland Honouring and embracing our rich and ancient cultural history
QFleet To provide a central pool of expertise in fleet management and fleet management services, to enable government and government-funded organisations to safely deliver frontline services to the community.	Drive a cleaner economy and more jobs through lower emissions and climate action Transition government fleet vehicles to low emissions options and continue reducing government's operating emissions.	 Protecting the environment Backing our frontline services

Department's service areas (2023–24 SDS)	Department's objectives	Government's objectives for the community
Climate: Forging Queensland's path to future prosperity Lead whole of government action on transitioning to a clean economy, backed by climate adaptation, strategies, investment, climate science and analytics. Note: Through the machinery-of-government changes in December 2023, the Climate function transitioned into the renamed Department of Energy and Climate. Therefore, the Climate function is not reflected in the 2023–24 SDS but is incorporated into the 2024–25 SDS.	Drive a cleaner economy and more jobs through lower emissions and climate action Achieve Queensland Government's emissions reduction targets whilst supporting communities to build resilience and prosper in a low carbon world.	 Supporting jobs Protecting the environment Making it for Queensland Growing our regions



Our values



Customers first

Putting customers first: by understanding our customers at all levels and delivering what matters.



Ideas into action

Transforming ideas into action: by delivering responsive and innovative solutions, encouraging and embracing new ideas, and working across boundaries.



Unleash potential

Unleashing potential: by being clear about our vision and continuing to challenge ourselves.



Empower people

Empowering people: by leading by example within an integrated department.



Be courageous

Being courageous: by taking calculated risks to achieve better outcomes.



Healthy and respectful workplace

Ensuring a healthy and respectful workplace: by providing a workplace that supports the wellbeing of our employees, fosters a culture of respect and inclusion, and actively progresses equity and diversity to ensure our workforce is reflective of the Queensland community.

Whole-of-government plans and specific initiatives

The department has the following whole-of-government and specific-purpose plans and reports on those plans through the relevant and appropriate reporting mechanisms:

- Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan
- Queensland's 2035 Clean Economy Pathway, which encompasses the Queensland Climate Action Plan and the Queensland Climate Adaptation Strategy
- Queensland's Zero Emission Vehicle Strategy 2022–2032 (ZEV Strategy) and Zero Emission Vehicle Action Plan 2022–2024 (Action Plan)
- QFleet Electric Vehicle Transition Strategy 2023–2026
- Queensland Procurement Strategy 2023 Jobs, Economy, Legacy, Confidence
- Procurement category strategy for General Good and Services
- Q2032 Procurement Strategy.

National agreements and national partnership agreements

In 2023–24, the following activities occurred to progress Queensland's national commitments:

- Queensland actively works with the Australian and other state and territory governments through the Energy and Climate Change Ministerial Council (ECMC) to progress priority reforms and resilience of the energy sector and climate change. Key energy work programs progressed through ECMC in 2023–24 included:
 - development of a National Consumer Energy Resources (CER) roadmap to unlock consumer benefits for locally generated and storage power, deliver efficient and effective CER integration and drive positive outcomes for all consumers, and the system as a whole
 - implementation of an emissions reduction objective in the National Energy Objectives
 - development of a response to the Australian Energy Infrastructure Commission's Community Engagement Review report
 - progressing a National Renewable Energy Supply Chain Action Plan to strengthen supply chain resilience and manufacturing sovereignty, which is expected to be implemented through the Australian government's Future Made in Australia initiative
 - review of Australia's National Hydrogen Strategy and other national initiatives, to support the development of the hydrogen sector
 - engagement on the development of the national *Net Zero Plan* and six sectoral decarbonisation plans.
- Implementation of amendments to the national energy laws to incorporate an emissions reduction objective into the National Electricity Objective, National Gas Objective and National Energy Retail Objective.
- Implementation of amendments to the National Gas Law and Regulations to bring hydrogen, hydrogen blends, biomethane and other renewable gases under the national gas regulatory framework through progression of the Gas Supply and Other Legislation (Hydrogen Industry Development) Amendment Act 2023.



- Participation in the Australia and New Zealand Government Procurement Agreement meetings for the Australian and New Zealand governments, states and territories to work together to maximise procurement opportunities.
- Provided advice and information to the Department of the Premier and Cabinet and attended interjurisdictional meetings regarding Free Trade obligations in agreements, including the World Trade Organisation Agreement on Government Procurement

Organisational structure as at 30 June 2024

Minister for Energy and Clean Economy Jobs, Honourable Mick de Brenni

- Director-General, Department of Energy and Climate, Paul Martyn
 - Director, Office of the Director-General
 - Deputy Director-General, Energy, David Shankey
 - Executive Director, Strategy, National and Analytics
 - Executive Director, Renewable Energy Zones and Transformation
 - Executive Director, Supply and Storage
 - Executive Director, Distribution, Consumer and Innovation
 - Deputy Director-General, Hydrogen and Future Fuels, Alana Barlow
 - Executive Director, Hydrogen and Future Fuels
 - Deputy Director-General, Climate, Carlye Sycz
 - Executive Director, Emissions, Strategic Coordination and Governance
 - Executive Director, Climate Science, Analytics and Adaptation
 - Acting Deputy Director-General, Queensland Government Procurement, Chris Perkins
 - Executive Director, Policy
 - Executive Director, Compliance
 - Executive Director, General Goods and Services
 - General Manager, QFleet
 - Deputy Director-General, Corporate Services, Irene Violet
 - Chief Finance Officer
 - Chief Human Resources Officer
 - Executive Director, Strategic Communication and Engagement
 - Executive Director, Strategy, Performance and Digital
 - Director, Executive Services



Our strategic objectives

In 2023-24, the department contributed toward a more sustainable and prosperous future through our strategic plan. This section highlights our achievements against our strategic objectives as outlined in our *Strategic Plan* 2023–2027.

Our 2023–24 highlights

Energy

- Support delivery of the Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan through the passage of the Energy (Renewable Transformation and Jobs) Act 2024 enshrining Queensland's commitment to a clean economy future.
- \$60 million over 2 years (\$40 million in 2023–24), to complement Australian government initiatives, delivering energy efficiency measures to keep costs down for households, enabling more choice and greater energy equity.
- \$35 million over 3 years (\$14.5 million in 2023–24), to deliver the Queensland Business Energy Saving and Transformation Program to support businesses in Queensland to reduce their electricity bills.
- \$35 million over 4 years (\$12 million in 2023–24), to undertake strategic planning and community engagement activities to develop Queensland Renewable Energy Zones in a coordinated, collaborative way and increase community benefits.
- \$30 million over 4 years (\$12.5 million in 2023–24), for charging infrastructure to make government buildings zero emission vehicle ready.

Procurement

- Continued the three-year implementation of Buy Queensland 2023 to ensure our procurement investment supports quality, local jobs, boosts the Queensland economy, and leaves a lasting positive legacy for current and future generations of Queenslanders.
- Launched the new procurement system which enhances supplier visibility of procurement opportunities
 and streamlines engagement with the government, leading to reduced time and effort in the
 procurement process.
- Created a level playing field for Queensland Government suppliers by expanding application of the Ethical Supplier Mandate to all procurement contracts executed on or after 1 February 2024 across all categories of spend.
- Continued to transition eligible QFleet passenger and SUV vehicles to zero emission vehicles (ZEVs) as leases expired and support broader community transition by increasing the availability of quality secondhand, end of lease ZEVs available to the used car market each year for purchase via public auction.



Climate

- Supported passage of the *Clean Economy Jobs Act 2024* to enshrine Queensland's 2030, 2035 and 2050 emissions reduction targets in legislation and drive work towards a clean economy future.
- Invested in the Queensland Decarbonisation Hub, a collaborative project between the Queensland Government and seven leading Queensland universities, focused on consolidating and undertaking research to support the decarbonisation of Queensland's economy.
- Allocated \$10 million over three years to the ecoBiz sustainability program, delivered by the Business Chamber Queensland, which assists businesses to audit their resource use, manage carbon emissions and save on costs while reducing consumption of waste, water and energy.
- Committed \$2 million to the Local Government Association of Queensland to extend the Queensland Climate Resilient Councils initiative until 2026 to further enhance climate resilience in local governments across Queensland.

Hydrogen and Future Fuels

- Led and coordinated government actions to support the growth of a safe and sustainable renewable hydrogen industry, including progressing the development of strong policy and legislative frameworks and planning at strategic hydrogen hubs in Queensland.
- Delivered key studies identified under the \$15 million Supercharging Hydrogen Hubs Fund.
- Established a clear approvals pathway for hydrogen (and other prescribed substances) in pipelines through progression of the Gas Supply and Other Legislation (Hydrogen Industry Development) Amendment Act 2023.
- Commenced consultation and industry engagement to inform development of a fuels strategy to drive the uptake of sustainable liquid fuels as part of Queensland's energy mix towards net zero and beyond.
- Continued to deliver Queensland's Fuel Price Reporting scheme, which puts up-to-date fuel prices in the hands of Queensland's motorists to shop around for the best priced fuel and save money at the bowser.



Objective one

Drive affordable, reliable and clean energy

Delivering programs and services that ensure reliability, affordability and equity of Queensland's energy supply. Building our hydrogen and sustainable fuel industries to secure Queensland's low emissions future, regional economies, jobs and export potential

We deliver this strategic objective through our Energy and Hydrogen and Future Fuels divisions, by:

- Collaborating with all areas of government, government owned corporations, industry, unions, and communities to deliver the Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan
- Delivering programs to improve access to affordable energy
- Supporting economic diversification in North-West Queensland
- Building towards net-zero emissions future, economy and jobs
- Investigating cleaner fuel sources that enable Queenslanders to sustain their way of living.

Strategic objective performance indicator	2023–24 target	Actual 2023–24
Renewable energy as percentage of total energy consumed in Queensland	25.9%	28.2%
Average time of energy (electricity and gas) licensing assessment	<120 days	74 days
Increase investment in renewable energy in Queensland	Improved performance	55 committed projects since 2015 (compared to 52 at 30 June 2023), an increase of 3 projects

Our achievements - Energy

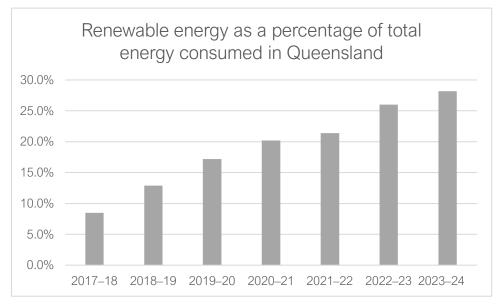
Renewable energy consumption and generation in Queensland

The Energy (Renewable Transformation and Jobs) Act 2024 was passed on 18 April 2024, enshrining into law key commitments from the Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan, such as the state's three renewable energy targets.

The renewable energy targets are to generate 50 per cent of Queensland's electricity from renewable sources by 2030; 70 per cent by 2032 and 80 per cent by 2035. These targets show Queensland's commitment to reducing emissions and supporting international efforts to act on the causes of climate change.

Queensland is on track to achieve these targets, with 27.4 per cent of Queensland's electricity generated from renewables in 2023–24. This builds on the positive trend of renewable energy that demonstrates Queenslanders are backing the vision to provide a clear pathway to clean, reliable and affordable power for generations.

Historically, the Queensland renewable energy target has been defined in terms of renewable electricity generated in relation to the total electricity consumed in Queensland. Going forward, a better indication of the transition is to measure renewable electricity generation in relation to total electricity generation.



Graph: Renewable energy as a percentage of total energy consumed in Queensland

	2016–17	2017–18	2018–19	2019–20	2020–21	2021–22	2022–23	2023–24
% of consumption ¹	7%	8.5%	12.9%	17.2%	20.2%	21.4%	26%	28.2%
% of generation ¹	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27.4%

Note:

^{1.} As mentioned above, going forward there will be a change in target and methodology. There is a small difference between electricity consumed and generated due to imports and exports to New South Wales.

Consumer energy resources lowering household costs

The department's Climate Smart Energy Savers appliance rebate program successfully delivered cost of living relief to approximately 72,700 households across Queensland, with low-income households benefitting the most.

Households were granted immediate financial relief, with an average rebate of \$440 paid out, meaning a substantial saving on new, energy-efficient appliances, leading to reduced utility bills and a greener environment.

The scheme offered cash rebates between \$300 and \$1,000 on high energy-efficient appliances, with 54 per cent of rebates going to low-income households.

The rebates enabled Queenslanders to access immediate savings, while the energy-efficient appliances are expected to save an average of around \$103 annually on their electricity bills.

The most popular appliances were washing machines, energy-saving fridges, dishwashers, air-conditioners, dryers, and solar and heat pump hot water systems.

Households are also reducing their CO2 emissions by around 0.27 tonnes annually, contributing to a greener, and more sustainable Queensland and contributing to our emissions reduction target of 75 per cent by 2035.

The department also launched the Battery Booster Program in February 2024 to support eligible households to lower costs of electricity bills, through solar and storage.

Households who purchased a battery system during the rebate period can store power for use when the sun isn't shining, further cutting power bills and emissions, and reducing load on the grid.

The \$10 million program allowed homes with a new or existing solar PV system of at least 5 kilowatts, to receive a means-tested rebate of between \$3,000 and \$4,000 to purchase solar battery systems of 6 kilowatt hours or more.

Cost of living rebates make a difference

Cost of living support for households and small businesses during 2023–24 included a rebate for households more than three times the size of the previous year's rebate in recognition of the growing costs of everyday expenses such as fuel, groceries, rent and mortgage repayments.

Queensland households automatically received a \$550 electricity rebate on their energy bills which was a welcome contribution to household budgets.

In providing this relief to households, recent Australian Bureau of Statistics data showed that the \$550 electricity rebates lowered electricity bills by 9.5 per cent and contributed to lowering inflation.

Vulnerable households, including eligible seniors, pensioners and concession card holders received \$1,072 relief per household including a \$700 Cost of Living rebate – partly funded with the Australian government under the National Energy Bill Relief Fund – and a further \$372 through Queensland's existing Electricity Rebate scheme.

The rebates continued with around 205,000 eligible small businesses receiving a \$650 rebate to help cut the cost of doing business in Queensland and a combined \$70 million for other initiatives to keep costs down for households, enabling more choice and greater energy equity.

The cost of living relief will continue for Queensland households into the next financial year with the rebate increased from \$550 to \$1,000 from 1 July 2024. This will nearly halve the average household power bill in Queensland for 2024–25 further helping Queensland families make ends meet.



Social licence - QFF landholder toolkit and phone line

We consulted extensively with local communities across the state in the lead up to the release of the *Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan* in 2022.

Through this process it became clear that building social licence was critical in strengthening community involvement and support, which is crucial throughout Queensland's energy transformation, along with understanding the cumulative impacts, communicating benefits and ensuring positive coexistence.

In support of this approach, in 2023 we worked closely with the Queensland Farmers Federation (QFF) to ensure regional Queensland landholders had the resources they need to take full advantage of the renewables transition.

This partnership resulted in the release of the Queensland Renewable Energy Landholder Toolkit, created to support landholders considering hosting a renewable energy project on their property.

The toolkit is a free and easy-to-understand guide for landholders to assist in their decision-making process and help them negotiate with renewable energy companies to fully harvest the once-in-a-lifetime benefits of Queensland's transformation into a renewable energy powerhouse.

We continued our work with the QFF to create the Energy Information Service for Landholders as a further resource and welcome extension to the toolkit.

This free phone service for farmers and landholders in Queensland provides information and guidance on a range of energy matters including on-farm energy infrastructure, tariffs, and other energy related enquiries.

In progressing actions under the *Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan Community Partnerships and Enabling Frameworks*, we continue to play a vital role in delivering initiatives to support social licence for the energy transformation.

Collaborating to deliver the Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan

In 2023–24, we collaborated to deliver the Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan through:

- The delivery of the Energy (Renewable Transformation and Jobs) Act 2024 to enshrine key commitments
 from the Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan in law, creating the infrastructure frameworks needed to build
 the Queensland SuperGrid and establish the governance and advice functions required for a smooth,
 coordinated energy transformation.
- The 2023–24 Budget approval of \$5.465 billion capital investment for Queensland energy entities, which supports existing assets and new wind, solar, storage and transmission projects including stage 1 of Stanwell's Wambo Wind Farm and CleanCo's Swanbank Battery Energy Storage System.
- Releasing the Queensland Renewable Energy Zones Roadmap to outline a framework that will strategically connect around 22 gigawatts of new grid-scale renewable energy in 12 potential locations across Queensland.
- Undertaking Renewable Energy Zones (REZ) Readiness Assessments in close collaboration with local communities in Central Queensland to identify strategies for maximising local opportunities associated with REZs, as well as ways to manage potential local impacts.
- Allocating \$20 million from the Regional Economic Futures Fund to support the outcomes of the first REZ Readiness Assessments which will be identified and prioritised based on local priorities.
- Partnering with industry, councils, and peak bodies as part of the Local Energy Partnerships (LEP)
 framework to ensure local voices, local choices and local benefits are a foundational component of the
 energy transformation. The LEP empowers regional Queensland to help shape the energy transformation,
 and for their local communities and businesses to benefit from energy developments.



- Working together with the Smart Energy Council, the Clean Energy Council, and the Queensland Renewable Energy Council as part of the LEP framework. Our \$3 million Energy Industry Partnerships have been set up to guide better practice in the renewable energy sector, deliver industry training on social licence, set-up a large-scale solar panel recycling pilot and hold regional careers fairs to showcase clean energy job opportunities.
- Partnering with the QFF to establish the energy information service for landholders, providing farmers with tailored energy-related information and helping them to make better-informed business decisions.
- Helping local governments get the most out of renewable energy projects in their regions with a \$1.2 million
 grant to the Local Government Association of Queensland. The project seeks to build councils' capacity in
 engaging with their communities on energy matters and equip them with the required resources to manage
 the increase in renewable energy development applications.
- The 2023–24 Budget approval of up to \$6 billion in equity funding over the Borumba PHES project's construction phase, subject to environmental approvals. The Borumba PHES project is estimated to cost \$14.2 billion. The project is currently undergoing early works while Queensland Hydro seeks necessary regulatory approvals.
- The release of a detailed Hydro Studies report, outlining the government's investigations into energy storage. The report explained why pumped hydro is needed in Queensland's future energy system and outlines the investigations and studies that led to Borumba and Pioneer-Burdekin sites being selected as a potential for pumped hydro.
- Working with the Australian and state and territory governments to shape the national energy transformation agenda, ensure Queensland's interests are proactively represented and the benefits to Queenslanders are maximised.

Delivering programs to improve access to affordable energy

In 2023-24, we continued delivering programs and services for Queenslanders by:

- Facilitating a cost of living rebate in partnership with the Australian government to deliver a \$700 electricity bill relief to around 620,000 vulnerable households, \$550 to the remaining 1.6 million households, as well as a \$650 energy rebate to up to 205,000 small businesses.
- Delivering the \$625 million Community Service Obligation to support equitable electricity prices for regional Queensland customers and support GOCs delivery.
- Delivering and implementing key *Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan* household and business energy programs to enable Queenslanders to better understand, use and engage with the energy transition and address cost of living pressures.
- Delivering the now finalised \$44 million Climate Smart Energy Savers (CSES) program which provided rebates to over 72,700 Queensland households to purchase and install four star or greater energy efficient household appliances. The average rebate received for CSES was \$440 off new appliances with Queensland households expected to save approximately \$103 each year in electricity bills.
- Continuing to deliver the \$16 million Battery Booster program, which offers rebates of up to \$4,000 to about 3,000 eligible Queensland households to install a solar battery system to existing rooftop solar PV.
- Implementing the \$10 million Enable Grants Program which will support non-government organisations (NGOs) to provide energy efficiency advice and activities that will help reduce energy usage and energy bills for Queenslanders experiencing vulnerability, including renters.
- Implementing the \$35 million Queensland Business Energy Savings and Transformation (QBEST) program which is providing support to small and medium businesses to save money on their energy bills.



- Rolling out the QBEST Rebates program which is continuing to support the installation of energy efficient
 equipment through a 50 per cent rebate for the purchase and installation of energy efficiency equipment,
 with a maximum rebate available of \$12,500.
- Engaging with the QFF to deliver energy audits and develop the recently released Queensland Ag Energy
 Hub website which hosts energy efficient information and supporting resources through the QBEST Ag
 program.
- Continuing to deliver the \$10 million Queensland Microgrid Pilot Fund to improve the network resilience of remote communities to extreme weather events, through supporting the development and delivery of microgrids across Queensland.

Support economic diversification in North-West Queensland

During 2023-24, we continued to deliver support North-West Queensland by:

- Working with Queensland Treasury to provide Powerlink with a \$1.3 billion Delivery Launch Package, announced in October 2023, to support the progression of early works activities for the CopperString 2032 project. The \$1.3 billion Delivery Launch Package has enabled Powerlink to begin detailed design, engineering, and environmental assessments, procure long lead items, and advance site development works including workers camps and access works.
- Developing a National Electricity Market (NEM) Entry Plan which includes an independent regulatory
 framework to enable the connection of CopperString 2032 to the NEM and operate as a regulated asset
 under the National Electricity Rules. This plan will also facilitate the smooth transition of industry located in
 the North West Minerals Province (NWMP) which is currently on an isolated network operating under
 unique standards and protocols.
- Commencing work on commercial, regulatory and legislative settings that will be critical to ensure the NEM entry of the region is supported during the transition.
- Engaging with key stakeholders, including industry in the NWMP and market bodies, and will continue to work alongside Powerlink to engage on CopperString and NEM entry.



Our achievements – Hydrogen and Future Fuels

New legislation transports hydrogen

Queensland is fast becoming a world leader in renewable hydrogen, and this emergent industry has the potential to become a \$33 billion giant by 2040.

To propel the industry, while protecting our natural assets, key actions of the *Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan* and the *Queensland Resources Industry Development Plan* were delivered in 2023–24 with the commencement of the *Gas Supply and Other Legislation (Hydrogen Industry Development) Amendment Act 2023 (the Act)* in April 2024.

The Act broadens Queensland's existing pipeline framework to enable hydrogen and other renewable gases to be transported in pipelines.

While this legislation supports the unlocking of billions of dollars in renewable hydrogen investment and export opportunities, it also works to protect our environment by putting in place rules to ensure hydrogen industry activity is done safely and with minimal environmental impact. It mandates rigorous standards that ensure safety for all workers, as well as the surrounding communities.

Commencement of the Act was a key milestone in the progression of legislative change to support the effective regulation of renewable hydrogen development and use in Queensland.

As Queensland continues to attract significant global investment, this new legislation ensures we have the right policies in place to further develop our hydrogen industry.

Building towards net-zero emissions future, economy and jobs

During 2023-24, we continued to secure a net-zero emissions future, economy and jobs by:

- Continuing to work with government agencies and GOCs to support the accelerated growth of Queensland's renewable hydrogen industry with over 60 hydrogen project proposals in consideration in Queensland.
- Delivering the \$15 million Supercharging Hydrogen Hubs program under the *Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan* to supercharge, coordinate and further plan for renewable hydrogen hubs in key locations across the state, including key technical studies to investigate and plan for energy supply, transmission and water.
- Delivering the \$8.5 million Abbot Point Activation Initiative (part of the \$15 million Supercharging Hydrogen Hubs fund) in partnership with Office of the Coordinator-General, to rapidly advance the master planning, development and infrastructure arrangements which will transform Abbot Point into a hydrogen export super hub. This includes regional planning for water, energy and transmission requirements.
- Delivering the \$5 million Hydrogen Community Engagement and Awareness program under the Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan, including establishment of a Gladstone Community Information Centre.
- Progressing the update of a Queensland Hydrogen Industry Strategy refresh in collaboration with the Department of State Development and Infrastructure.
- Collaborating with the Australian and other state and territory governments on the new National Hydrogen Strategy to ensure it is developed in alignment with Queensland priorities for the hydrogen industry.
- Setting the policy environment to drive investment in hydrogen in Queensland regions and facilitate skills development in this emerging sector.
- Progressing and commencing the *Gas Supply and Other Legislation (Hydrogen Industry Development) Amendment Act 2023* to support the growth of the hydrogen industry throughout Queensland.



- Delivering a whole-of-government regulatory review, followed by public consultation from 30 January 1 March 2024, to obtain feedback on regulatory options and an effective regulatory framework to support the hydrogen industry to develop safely and efficiently.
- Showcasing Queensland's green hydrogen potential internationally with an Australian-Germany Energy Partnership delegation through Germany, attendance at the World Hydrogen Summit in Rotterdam, Netherlands, collaboration with the Mærsk Mc-Kinney Møller Centre for Zero Carbon Shipping in Copenhagen, and meeting with potential investors and the Energy Markets Authority in Singapore.

Investigating the future of sustainable fuels

During 2023–24, we continued to investigate the future of sustainable fuels by:

- Continuing consultation and industry engagement to inform development of a sustainable liquid fuels strategy for later in 2024, including conducting an industry workshop in April 2024.
- Maintaining Queensland's fuel price reporting scheme as a cost of living measure to make it easy for motorists to shop around for the best-priced fuel around and save using fuel price apps.
- Continuing the Queensland biofuels mandates to drive the increased availability of ethanol blended petrol at service stations owned by retailers liable under the mandate, with 852 of their service stations selling E10 at the end of the March 2024 quarter, up from 839 at the end of 2022–23.

Looking forward to 2024–25

In 2024-25, we will continue to work to realise and support government priorities by:

- Driving energy affordability outcomes, including delivery of rebates, programs and administration of the Community Service Obligation to ensure that, on average, householder electricity costs in regional Queensland are less than the cost of supply.
- Continuing to implement the *Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan*, including through the delivery of REZs and REZ Readiness Assessments, with a focus on community and stakeholder engagement.
- Implementing the Energy (Renewable Transformation and Jobs) Act 2024, including establishing the
 Queensland Energy System Advisory Board, and establishing the Job Security Guarantee Fund, which will
 ensure affected energy workers have secure choices, pathways and opportunities.
- Delivering the next Infrastructure Blueprint to guide the development of the energy system and set out the optimal infrastructure pathway to achieve the renewable energy targets.
- Delivering upon partnership agreements under the LEP, supporting industry, councils and peak bodies through the energy transformation to help ensure people who live and work in regional Queensland benefit from the energy transformation.
- Continuing to deliver on the Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan household and business energy programs.
- Continuing to support the delivery of the Borumba and Pioneer-Burdekin large scale pumped hydro energy storage projects in a manner that is sensitive to communities and the environment.
- Delivering strategies to secure project investment and for Queensland's renewable hydrogen industry to be internationally competitive and create new jobs in regional Queensland.
- Delivering a Sustainable Fuels Strategy and actions to seize opportunities of locally produced sustainable aviation fuels and renewable diesel to support Queensland's decarbonisation targets and continue the implementation of Queensland's biofuels mandates to encourage the sale of sustainable fuel alternatives.



- Continuing delivery of the Supercharging Hydrogen Hubs Program including completion of technical studies and community engagement to assist in the development of key hubs for hydrogen.
- Continuing to provide consumer cost of living support through administering Fuel Price Reporting.

Objective two

Deliver nation-leading government procurement that provides maximum value to Queenslanders

Prioritising local businesses and jobs through leading-edge procurement practices that consider ethical, economic, social and environmental outcomes and leverage government's buying power

We deliver this strategic objective through our whole-of-government procurement function by:

- Delivering the Queensland Procurement Strategy Jobs, Economy, Legacy, Confidence
- Streamlining procurement systems and processes, and better connecting suppliers with government buyers
- Recognition and Reward of Supplier Excellence
- Implementing the Q2032 Procurement Strategy to assist Queensland businesses to prosper through a more sustainable Brisbane 2032 Olympic and Paralympic Games.

Strategic objective performance indicator	2023–24 target	Result 2023–24
Overall customer satisfaction with Procurement enabling activities	90%	90.3%

Our achievements – Procurement

A future procurement system: making it easier for suppliers to do business with government

The Future Procurement System Project is delivering an enhanced solution for procurement and contract management that makes it easier for both suppliers and Queensland Government buyers. The previous solutions of QContract and QTenders were due for replacement, and through a full open market tender process, Local Buy was successful in being appointed as the supplier of the Future Procurement System, powered by Vendor Panel.

This streamlined procurement platform makes it simpler and easier for suppliers, streamlining registration and information access through a single hub where suppliers can receive notification and information about state and local government tenders. To enhance supplier visibility to potential customers, a supplier marketplace enables buyers to search for suppliers based on products or services. This new system supports delivery of *Buy Queensland 2023*.

In 2023-24 a new platform was delivered and by end of June 2024, over 30,000 Queensland businesses were registered with supplier profiles in the new system and nine government agencies were already using the system, with other agencies undertaking readiness and training activities. All government agencies are on track to be onboarded by the end of 2024.

QFleet hits 1,000th Electric Vehicle milestone

The Queensland Government's vehicle fleet manager, QFleet, is driving the transition to cleaner vehicles, reaching a significant milestone with the addition of its 1,000th electric vehicle (EV) in March 2024.

QFleet's shift from internal combustion engines (ICE) to EVs has progressed well and remains on track, with Queensland earning recognition from the Electric Vehicle Council as having one of the best policy approaches to EVs in the nation.

QFleet has expanded its range of EVs available for lease by agencies to include options such as the full-battery Kia Niro, boasting a 450km range, that is being used by the Department of Industrial Relations to roll out a workplace safety program for electricians.

QFleet remains committed to the Zero Emission Vehicle Strategy 2022–2032 and Zero Emission Vehicle Action Plan 2022–2024, aiming to achieve 100 per cent zero exhaust emission vehicles in its eligible passenger vehicles by 2026.

As of 30 June 2024, QFleet has transitioned 54 per cent of eligible vehicles.

These EVs are being used across the state, from Thursday Island to the Gold Coast, helping those in frontline roles deliver essential services, from social housing to healthcare and education, every day.

Once these vehicles reach their end-of-lease, they will become available to purchase as second-hand vehicles through a public auction. To date QFleet has sold 42 EVs through auction, providing affordable used EV options to the community.



Delivering the Queensland Procurement Strategy – Jobs, Economy, Legacy, Confidence and the Queensland Procurement Policy

During 2023–24, we continued to deliver Buy Queensland by:

- Continuing the three-year implementation of Buy Queensland 2023 to ensure our procurement investments support quality, local jobs, boost the Queensland economy and leave a legacy for current and future generations of Queenslanders.
- Developing the strategy to assist government to source 100 per cent of its electricity from renewables for large government sites by 2030.
- Launching the Q2032 Procurement Strategy to help Queensland businesses get ready to supply to the Brisbane 2032 Olympic and Paralympic Games.
- Prioritising local businesses and Queensland jobs, by providing procurement advice, support, frameworks and tools, that enable government agencies to deliver economic, ethical, social and environmental benefits to Queensland.
- Increasing opportunities for ethical Queensland small and medium enterprises, local businesses and social enterprises, along with Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander businesses, to supply to government.
- Holding government suppliers to account for their contractual commitments to uphold best practice
 principles by auditing selected major projects to provide quality, safe workplaces for Queensland workers.
- Introducing whole-of-government strategies to make it easier for government buyers to engage with diverse businesses.
- Developing guidance and webinars to outline the key steps on engaging consultants, contractors and indirect workers for government procurement.
- Hosting a network 'meet and greet' between Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander businesses and government buyers, showcasing their business capabilities, boosting confidence in diverse business types.
- Hosting the annual Buy Queensland Supplier Awards, with seven awards presented to businesses that supply to the Queensland Government, across four categories.
- Hosting 15 'Growing Queensland Business Roadshows' across the state from October 2023 until February 2024. In partnership with local councils and supported by budget sector agencies, the Australian government, and the Business Chamber Queensland, the roadshows provided practical information, tips and tools to help businesses when supplying to government. In addition, the Roadshows assisted attendees in understanding how to 'ready' their business for the Brisbane 2032 Olympic and Paralympic Games, and beyond.
- Working with agencies across Queensland to support them to understand the opportunities to engage with social enterprises.
- Actioning complaints about supplier behaviour (e.g., underpayment of wages or training policy breaches) by investigating alleged breaches of the Ethical Supplier Threshold (the Threshold) and other contractual non-compliances under the Ethical Supplier Mandate (the Mandate).
- Applying the Mandate's penalty framework by implementing decision-maker outcomes, which were informed by the advice and recommendations of the Tripartite Procurement Advisory Panel.

Streamlining procurement systems and processes

In 2023–24, we continued to improve Queensland Government procurement systems by:

- Publishing future procurement opportunities through the Forward Procurement Pipeline. The pipeline, as of 30 June 2024, has over 952 opportunities worth over \$4.6 billion.
- Launching the new procurement system which enhances supplier visibility of procurement opportunities and streamlines engagement with the government, leading to reduced time and effort in the procurement process. Featuring a supplier portal and marketplace, suppliers can receive notifications, access government procurement opportunities and buyers can find suppliers based on the products and services they offer. Additionally, the contract management module means better supporting systems for the Queensland Procurement Policy Buy Queensland 2023, increased quality data, and more information on the overall procurement lifecycle.
- Continuing to work with the Australian, state and territory jurisdictions and manufacturers to secure and influence the motor vehicle supply market as effectively as possible.
- Advocating local emerging zero emission business and initiatives that encourage cleaner, greener transport modes.
- Reviewing QFleet supplier arrangements, making it easier for suppliers to do business with QFleet by making sure tender opportunities are easy to understand, use accessible, user-friendly tools.
- Utilising Preferred Supplier Panels to increase the number of QFleet suppliers and range of low emission vehicles available within the government fleet.

Recognition and reward of supplier excellence

In 2023–24, we recognised and rewarded procurement excellence at the Supplier Awards by presenting the:

- Putting Queenslanders First Award to Australian Training Works Group Pty Ltd for providing training and employment opportunities for hundreds of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander peoples.
- Diversity through Supply Chains Award to Bridgeman for their work in supporting Indigenous businesses and their programs that support the lives of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander peoples in Queensland.
- Delivering for Queensland Award to GP One Consulting for their innovative solutions to disaster response and wildlife management.
- Minister's *Buy Queensland* Award to The Social Deck for their diverse and inclusive employment practices, pro-bono work and sponsorships.

Delivery of the Q2032 Procurement Strategy

In 2023–24, we continued to deliver the Q2032 Procurement Strategy by:

- Conducting 14 Games-focussed regional roadshows and one online event.
- Supporting two Opportunity 2032 events in Cairns and Townsville.
- Introducing Games-related content to the Queensland Government Procurement Statement.
- Publishing 13 Games-related opportunities on the Queensland Government forward procurement pipeline.
- Providing updates to registered supplier representatives for their interest in receiving Games-related updates.



Looking forward 2024–25

In 2024–25, we will continue to work to realise and support government priorities by:

- Supporting reduction of government emissions by increasing the proportion of government large scale electricity supplied by renewables.
- Continuing the three-year implementation of *Buy Queensland 2023* to ensure Queensland benefits from government's procurement investment.
- Continuing to roll out the new procurement system across government to enhance supplier visibility of
 procurement opportunities and streamline engagement with the government, leading to reduced time and
 greater efficiency in the procurement process.
- Prioritising investment in technologies that enable self-service and support whole-of-government fleet management reporting.
- Developing and introducing procurement guidance and training on:
 - o Procuring for government
 - Better engagement practices for consultants, contractors and indirect workers.
- Hosting targeted networking events showcasing diverse suppliers.
- Continuing to promote collaboration with agencies to realise targets and commitments in the General Goods and Services Category Strategy.

Objective three

Drive a cleaner economy and more jobs through lower emissions and climate action

Lead action to reduce emissions and build climate resilience in partnership with industry, communities and all levels of government

We deliver this objective through our Climate and QFleet functions by:

- Decarbonising and growing our industries and jobs
- Achieving emissions reduction targets
- Building competitive advantages through low emissions pathways
- Supporting communities to build resilience and prosper in a low carbon world
- Supporting new ways of living and working in thriving, inclusive and sustainable regions
- Continuing to reduce the government's operating emissions
- Transitioning the government's fleet to low emission options.

Strategic objective performance indicator	2023–24 target	Result 2023–24
Reduced greenhouse gas emissions for Queensland (percentage below 2005 emissions)	30% reduction below 2005 levels by 2030.	State Greenhouse Gas Inventory data released in 2024 indicated Queensland's emissions reduced to 35% below 2005 levels in 2022.1
Eligible QFleet passenger vehicles to be zero emissions by 2026 ²	>31%	54%

Notes:

- 1. Queensland's emissions data is released two years in arrears through the Australian government's State Greenhouse Gas Inventory. Data as at 2024 will not be released until 2026.
- 2. QFleet's objective is to achieve 100 per cent eligible QFleet passenger vehicles to be zero emission by 2026. Eligible vehicles are to be transitioned to electric vehicles (EVs) at end of lease. QFleet's target is to increase the percentage of EVs on the previous year until 2026. The percentage of EVs includes the number active in fleet and on order awaiting delivery.

Our achievements - Climate

New legislation working towards our clean economy pathway

We made another significant move toward a clean economy future in 2024 with the passing of two groundbreaking Acts — the *Clean Economy Jobs Act 2024* and the *Energy (Renewable Transformation and Jobs) Act 2024* (the Energy Act).

The *Clean Economy Jobs Act 2024* aims to drive clean economy investment and jobs with a new emissions reduction target of 75 per cent below 2005 levels by 2035, and a commitment to net zero emissions by 2050.

The legislation also lays out an accountability and action framework for emissions reductions including an expert panel to advise the government, sector-specific plans established by 2025, a provision for 5-yearly reviews, and annual reporting to Parliament.

Queensland is a decade ahead on meeting its targets – we hit the 2030 reduction target of 30 per cent almost a decade early as we power towards net zero by 2050.

The Energy Act enshrines our renewable energy targets into law, providing the certainty and confidence Queenslanders are looking for as we work towards our clean economy pathway. Queensland is already at more than 27 per cent renewable energy and the new law gives industry and businesses confidence that we are heading to 80 per cent renewable energy by 2035 and reinforces Queensland as a prime renewable investment destination.

Combined, these new laws mark a significant milestone in Queensland's journey towards a sustainable and prosperous future and promise a balanced focus on environmental preservation and unlocking new industries and job opportunities in our path to net zero. They reflect our department's commitment to collaboration, and innovation in addressing the challenges of climate change and advancing the clean energy transition.

ecoBiz helps businesses save energy

The ecoBiz program has been critical in helping businesses become more sustainable and reduce their water, waste and energy consumption.

ecoBiz is just one Queensland Government program designed to help businesses save energy and adopt energy-efficient practices.

Created and run in partnership with the Business Chamber Queensland, ecoBiz is a free sustainability program, to help businesses audit their resource use, manage carbon emissions and save on costs while reducing consumption of waste, water and energy.

Early results show that on average, operators have improved their energy consumption by one-fifth, water use by one-third and reduced waste by almost one-half, saving thousands of dollars.

During the 2023–24 financial year alone, ecoBiz businesses saved the equivalent of 4,000 households in energy, 2,400 households worth of waste and 41 Olympic swimming pools of water.

This equates to a reduction in emissions equivalent to taking 8,400 passenger vehicles off Queensland roads for a year.

Any reduction in business costs can flow through to more affordable products for customers which is a good thing.

In 2024–25, the ecoBiz digital platform and carbon module, an extension of the decade long partnership between the Queensland Government and Business Chamber Queensland, will assist businesses with fewer than 200 full-time workers to become environmentally responsive, supply-chain ready and economically sustainable.



Climate action grants supporting communities

In 2024, the Bribie Island Surf Life Saving Supporters Club was awarded a \$46,000 grant to support the installation of a 30kW solar PV system and 83kW inverter to reduce the club's electricity bills and emissions.

The new inverter allows the system to be increased to 80kW in coming years, with the surf lifesaving club expected to save more than \$250,000 on power bills over 10 years. This is a great outcome for the club which has been patrolling Woorim Beach since 1923 and has about 220 senior patrolling members.

This was just one of the grants of up to \$100,000 awarded under the Community Sustainability Action Round 7 Community Climate Action grants funded by the Department of Energy and Climate.

The grants are provided to eligible community groups and individuals for innovative projects which seek to address climate change, conserve Queensland's natural and built environment and protect our unique wildlife.

Further, the Community Sustainability Action Round 7 Community Climate Action grants were open to eligible projects to implement renewable energy solutions (generation and/or storage) or install energy efficient equipment.

Across Queensland, 68 projects successfully applied for more than \$3.5 million as part of Round 7 of the program. Thirty-nine of these projects are now complete.

Decarbonise and grow our industries and jobs

In 2023–24, we continued to decarbonise and grow our industries and jobs by:

- Supporting the passage of the *Clean Economy Jobs Act 2024*, which legislates Queensland's emissions reduction targets to provide certainty for industry and communities about the state's transition to a clean economy.
- Investing in the Queensland Decarbonisation Hub, a collaborative project between the Queensland Government and seven leading Queensland universities focused on consolidating and undertaking research to support the decarbonisation of Queensland's economy.
- Allocating \$10 million over three years, with \$3.35 million for financial year 2023–24, for the ecoBiz
 program delivered by the Business Chamber Queensland. This sustainability initiative equips small to
 medium businesses with the necessary tools to enhance resource efficiency, bolster environmental
 sustainability, reduce operational costs, and effectively assess and manage climatic risks, including through
 the innovative new 'carbon module'.
- Developing the Climate Risk Management Framework in partnership with Griffith University to support Queensland Government departments and other agencies to practically incorporate climate risk into their decision making.

Build competitive advantages through low emissions pathways

In 2023–24, we continued to work towards building competitive advantages through low emissions pathways by:

- Working across government, with industry, communities and with the Clean Economy Expert Panel to develop sectoral plans to achieve our emissions reduction targets and grow our industries and jobs.
- Demonstrating action in achieving emissions reduction across the economy, with recently released greenhouse gas inventory data showing that the state's 2030 emission reduction target has been met eight years early.
- Undertaking emissions modelling to understand impacts of policy decisions and global and national trends on emissions reduction and our progress towards targets.



• Investigating the development of a whole-of-government framework to drive and coordinate further emissions reduction activity across government operations, with a focus on energy efficiency initiatives.

Support communities to build resilience and prosper in a low carbon world

In 2023–24, we continued to work towards:

- Providing climate science data, tools and support to help understand historical climate data and better manage future climate risks.
- Partnering with peak bodies to deliver programs and grants to support communities and businesses to respond to the impacts of climate change and build local resilience, including the Community Sustainability Action grant, and the Queensland Climate Resilient Councils program.
- Supporting the Local Government Association of Queensland with an additional \$2 million to extend the Queensland Climate Resilient Councils initiative for a further two years (2024–2026) to build upon the program's achievements, enhancing climate resilience among local governments across Queensland.

Transition the government's fleet to low emission options

In 2023-24, we continued to transition the government's fleet to low emission options by:

- Remaining on track to meet *Queensland's Zero Emission Vehicle Strategy 2022-2032* target to transition 100 per cent of its eligible fleet passenger vehicles from ICE to zero emission vehicles by 2026.
- Increasing the percentage of zero emission vehicles active within the QFleet fleet with 54 per cent of its eligible passenger and SUV fleet transitioned to EVs as at 30 June 2024.
- Achieving 59 per cent reduction of the government fleet 2005 emission levels.
- Achieving approximately \$2.3 million in annual fuel costs savings (based on the 54 per cent eligible vehicles that have transitioned to EVs).
- Providing other benefits include savings to vehicle service and maintenance costs which is currently estimated to be over \$1 million.
- Selling 42 electric vehicles through public auction at lease end since 2020, providing quality second-hand EVs to the used car market.

Figure 1 reflects the percentage of eligible QFleet passenger and SUV vehicles transitioned to EVs to date.

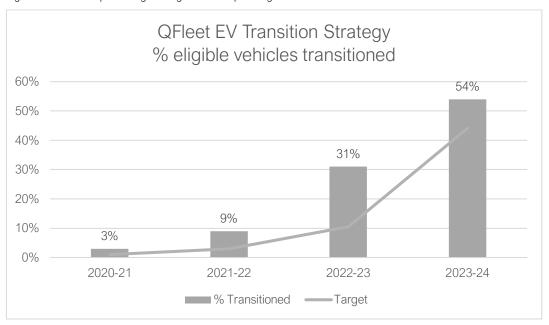
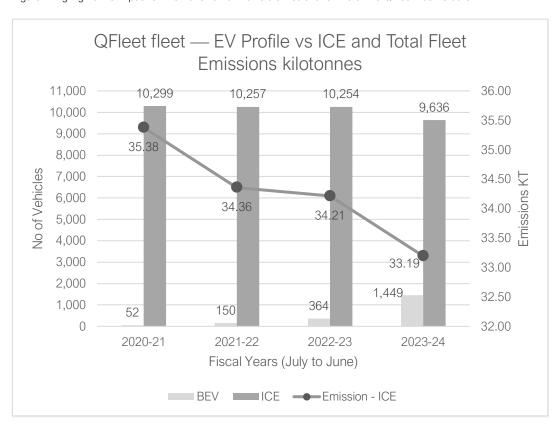


Figure 2 Highlights the impact of this transition on vehicle emissions for the entire QFleet fleet to date.



Looking forward to 2024–25

In 2024–25, we will continue to work to realise and support government priorities by:

- Implementing the *Clean Economy Jobs Act 2024*, including delivering the first suite of sector emission reduction plans by the end of 2025 to decarbonise Queensland's economy and support industry to decarbonise while growing new industries and jobs.
- Establishing the framework for accountability and action for the *Clean Economy Jobs Act 2024*, including annual reporting to Parliament.
- Establishing the Clean Economy Expert Panel to provide expert advice to the Queensland Government on the best ways to reduce emissions while maximising benefits for local communities and the state's economy.
- Supporting reduction of government emissions, including by setting greenhouse gas emission baselines for each of the government's priority procurement categories and by increasing the proportion of government large scale electricity supplied by renewables.
- Reviewing the *Queensland Climate Action Plan 2030* to continue driving clean economy and climate actions across government as part of Queensland's Clean Economy Pathway.
- Continuing to deliver against the QFleet Electric Vehicle Transition Strategy 2023–2026 and Queensland's
 Zero Emission Vehicle Strategy 2022–2032 to transition 100 per cent of its eligible fleet passenger vehicles
 to zero emission vehicles by 2026, increasing the percentage of zero emission vehicles in the fleet each
 year.
- Encouraging local governments, industry and other organisations to promote ZEV technology and adaptation. Continuing to collaborate across jurisdictions to influence the supply market as effectively as possible.
- Actively working with agencies to reduce vehicles emissions in line with the government's 2035 emission reduction targets.
- Continuing to deliver on our partnerships with the Local Government Association of Queensland and Business Chamber of Queensland to provide practical support to local governments and businesses to take climate action in their communities.

Capable workforce with a positive culture

Our workforce profile

Note: The following staffing numbers include the allocation of Corporate Services full-time equivalents (FTEs) that have transferred to the Department of Housing, Local Government, Planning and Public Works as a result of the finalisation of machinery-of-government changes effective 18 December 2023.

Table 1: Staffing numbers - 30 June 2024

	Number (headcount)	Full-time equivalent
Total FTE for the Department of Energy and Climate	703	670.2

Table 2: Strategic workforce profile - 30 June 2024

Employment status by headcount	t Number (headcount)	
Full-time	628.0	89.3
Part-time	75.0	10.7
Casual	0	0

Occupation types by FTE	Full-time equivalent	Percentage of total workforce (calculated on FTE)
Frontline	197.1	29.6
Corporate	473.0	70.4

Appointment type by FTE	Full-time equivalent	Percentage of total workforce (calculated on FTE)
Permanent	586.4	87.5
Temporary	62.3	9.4
Casual	0	0
Contract	21.5	3.1

Table 3: Gender

Gender	Number (headcount)	Percentage of total workforce (calculated on headcount)
Man	320	45.5
Woman	381	54.2
Non-binary	2	0.3

Table 4: Diversity target group data

Diversity group	Number (headcount)	Percentage of total workforce (calculated on headcount)
Women	381	54.2
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples	6	0.85
People with disability	52	7.40
Culturally and Linguistically Diverse – Speak a language at home other than English, including Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander / Australian South Sea Islander languages	72	10.2

Table 5: Target group data for women in leadership roles

Women in leadership roles	Women (Headcount)	Women as percentage of total leadership cohort (calculated on head count)	
Senior Officers (classified and s155 equivalent combined)	30	57.7	
Senior Executive Service and Chief Executives (classified and s155 equivalent combined)	18	62.1	

Early retirement, redundancy and retrenchment

No redundancy/early retirement/retrenchment packages were paid during the period.

Strategic workforce planning and performance

Key achievements

In 2023–24, our department developed a new *Strategic Workforce Plan 2024–2028* (SWP) to help us build a workforce that delivers on our purpose: New Energy. Less Carbon. More Jobs. A Clean Economy – together.

The department has:

- ensured that strategic workforce planning is driven by leaders and integrated with organisational planning by:
 - aligning the department's SWP with the objectives and strategies of the department's strategic plan.
 - linking the SWP to key strategies from other department workforce-related plans including the *Equity*, *Diversity*, *Respect and Inclusion Plan 2024–2026* and *Reframing the Relationship Plan 2024–2026*.
 - linking the SWP to other key sector-wide strategic workforce initiatives that are being delivered through the Even better public sector for Queensland strategy, Queensland Government reconciliation action plan, Queensland public sector inclusion and diversity strategy, Managing the risk of psychosocial hazards at work Code of Practice, and associated plans.
- implemented strategies to address workforce challenges and create a skilled workforce by:
 - delivering a departmental graduate program with 19 graduates across a range of disciplines
 - enhancing workforce metrics and analytics to improve organisational insights and data driven decision-making
 - offering formal learning programs to develop leadership capability through a range of external providers including the Queensland University of Technology, Australian and New Zealand School of Government, and Institute of Managers and Leaders
 - delivering the Griffith University MATE bystander prevention program to help build a healthy and respectful workplace through the facilitation of a suite of six webinars.
- adopted contemporary talent acquisition approaches by:
 - developing and implementing an Employee Value Proposition (EVP) to attract and retain current and future employees by incorporating EVP elements into recruitment collateral and attraction campaigns
 - developing and strengthening partnerships with not-for-profit organisations such as RSL Queensland to promote employment opportunities and attract a more diverse workforce
 - partnering with Job Access a national disability recruitment coordinator to deliver a disability employment seminar for public and private sector organisations
 - partnering with tertiary institutions and schools to provide student placement opportunities.
- continued to build strategic workforce planning capability in the department by:
 - collaborating as a member of the whole-of-sector Strategic Workforce Planning Working Group led by the Public Sector Commission
 - providing formal strategic workforce planning training to all Human Resources employees.
- prioritised the health and wellbeing of our people by:
 - establishing a new workplace health and wellbeing policy framework
 - adopting a core value of 'Healthy and respectful workplace', in addition to the five public service values
 - delivering initiatives and strategies that centre on the health and wellbeing of employees, including physical wellbeing such as skin cancer checks and the promotion of equity and diversity, ensuring a healthy, respectful and inclusive workplace.



Equity, diversity and inclusion

In 2023–24, we continued to build on our commitment to actively progress equity and diversity, promote a culture of respect and inclusion and support the health and wellbeing of our workforce.

As part of this commitment, the department continued to work towards the sector-wide diversity targets for 2023–2026 to improve representation and employment outcomes for Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples, people with disability, people from culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds, and women.

To support this commitment:

• The Equal by 30 campaign was launched to accelerate gender equity, promote equal pay, leadership and opportunities for women in the clean energy sector by 2030. The department also focused internally on gender inclusive recruitment and increasing participation of women at all levels and job types. As of 30 June 2024, the organisation's workforce comprised 54.2 per cent women. Overall, the target of 50 per cent representation of women at the Senior Officer (SO) level and above was successfully met or exceeded.

Actual as of	Women in	Total Women				
30 June 2024	leadership -	leadership –	leadership –	leadership –	leadership -	in leadership
	SO	SES2	SES3	SES4	CEO	
Target	50%	50%	50%	50%	50%	N/A
Department	57.7%	63.2%	71.4%	50.0%	0.0%	59.3%

- We conducted four senior executive recruitment activities in 2023–24 with three women successfully securing a role from a total of 186 candidates.
- The Women in Leadership network continued to enable collaboration and a shared journey with current, emerging and future executive leaders.
- The Equity and Diversity workforce audit informed the *Equity, Diversity, Respect and Inclusion Plan 2024–2026*. This plan focuses on developing a workforce which is reflective of the Queensland community, fostering a culture based on equal participation and overcoming barriers to ensure everyone feels safe, valued and accepted.
- We accessed diverse talent by connecting with our external partners including RSL Queensland and Job Access, a national hub for workplace and employment information for people with disability and supported the departmental Disability Champion and the Disability Network to inspire positive change and increase accessibility.
- The 'Driving disability employment seminar' was delivered in partnership with Job Access to over 100
 attendees from public and private sector agencies and organisations introduced the Equity, Diversity,
 Respect and Inclusion Champion to lead an Employee Refence Group and build on shaping a positive,
 healthy and respectful workplace culture.

To build knowledge and understanding:

- Staff were provided access to contemporary research, resources and webinars via the department's membership of the Diversity Council of Australia.
- We affirmed our commitment to a diverse and inclusive workplace by celebrating and promoting significant events, including NAIDOC Week, Disability Action Week and Multicultural Queensland Month.



To continue developing cultural capability:

- The *Reframing the Relationship Plan 2024–2026* was launched. The plan outlines actions and commitments to Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples by moving forward together with mutual respect, recognition, and a willingness to speak the truth and support self-determination.
- The department contributed to the Public Sector Commissions' Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Career Pathways training program.
- The 'Racism It stops with me' campaign was accessible to all employees.
- All employees were also required to complete a mandatory SBS First Nations online training module.

Our industrial and employee relations framework

As at 30 June 2024, there are two certified agreements covering employees in the Department of Energy and Climate:

- QFleet Certified Agreement 2022 covering QFleet staff
- State Government Entities' Certified Agreement 2023 (Core Agreement) covering the remainder of the department's industrial instrument employees.

The department continues to support the government's policies on the contracting-out of services, union encouragement and employment security.

The department is committed to stability and employment security for its employees. We maximise permanent employment through the continued conversion of temporary employees to permanent, where possible. The department also limits the contracting-out of services.

Embedding human rights

The Department of Energy and Climate is committed to respecting, protecting, and promoting human rights in all that we do and the decisions that we make.

In 2023–24, the department continued to embed the *Human Rights Act 2019* and build a culture of human rights into our operations. All departmental policies and procedures reflect the department's commitment and consideration of human rights in the way we perform our work.

The department is a member of the Queensland Government Inter-Departmental Committee for Human Rights, as well as a member of the sub-committee which focuses on protecting and recognising the Cultural Rights of Aboriginal peoples and Torres Strait Islander peoples under section 28 of the *Human Rights Act 2019*.

As part of our onboarding process, all new employees are required to complete the Public entities and the Queensland Human Rights Act 2019 training module.

Human rights complaints

Complaints between 1 July 2023 – 30 June 2024

Two human rights complaints were received by the department. Neither of the complaints were expressly articulated as human rights complaints however were identified as such by the department. Of the complaints:

- one was an employee grievance received during 2023–24 and as at 30 June 2024, the matter is ongoing
- one was a customer complaint which was resolved in 2023.

Our governance

Our governance arrangements ensure we meet our strategic objectives and that our resources are allocated appropriately to maximise the cost-effective delivery of services. Our *Governance Committee Framework* comprises the Executive Board and the Audit and Risk Committee as the permanent governance committees for the department. Additional committees are stood up on an ad-hoc basis to respond to new initiatives and priorities.

Executive Board

The Executive Board is the department's principal strategic governing body, responsible for setting the strategic direction of the department, demonstrating leadership, overseeing financial and business performance, ensuring effective use of resources, and advising and supporting the Director-General as the Accountable Officer.

Our Executive Board:

- sets the department's strategic direction, goals and performance levels, aligned to government objectives
- provides stewardship over the implementation of programs and policies
- demonstrates visible and aligned leadership to the department
- ensures effective financial management and use of resources, including reprioritisation when necessary
- monitors the performance of business activities and the achievement of priorities and objectives
- ensures effective business continuity practices and culture within the department
- supports the Director-General, as the accountable officer, to meet legislative requirements and accountabilities
- serves as the department's governance body for ICT resources strategic planning
- ensures the effective management of risk through:
 - setting the organisation's risk culture and providing direction for the risk management system
 - monitoring risks that present the most significant threat to achieving the department's purpose and objectives, including departmental risks
- leads the development of a human rights culture in the department and ensure acts and decisions take human rights into account.

Chair: Director-General

Members:

- Deputy Director-General, Corporate Services
- Deputy Director-General, Energy
- Deputy Director-General, Hydrogen and Future Fuels
- Deputy Director-General, Climate
- Deputy Director-General, Queensland Government Procurement

Our Executive Board as at 30 June 2024

Paul Martyn

Chair: Director-General

PSM, BA (Hons), LLB (Hons) (Qld), MSc (London)

Paul Martyn is the Director-General of the Department of Energy and Climate. With nearly three decades in economic policy and reform, Paul is leading Queensland's transformation to clean, reliable and more affordable renewable energy; and heading up the state's climate action plan to reduce emissions. He is also responsible for government procurement, supporting local jobs and businesses.

Prior to the department's formation, Paul was the Director-General of the Department of Energy and Public Works and was previously the Chief Executive Officer of Trade and Investment Queensland, where he spearheaded investment attraction in hydrogen and renewable energy.

Paul has led strategies to encourage growth and investment in key Queensland sectors, including energy, resources, agriculture, manufacturing, tourism, defence industries and building.

In the Governor-General's 2022 COVID-19 Honours List, Paul was awarded a Public Service Medal for his leadership of Queensland's COVID-19 Response and Recovery Taskforce during the pandemic.

Irene Violet

Member: Deputy Director-General, Corporate Services

BHealthSc (Rehab Couns), BA (Psych), MBA, GAICD

Irene has been the Deputy Director-General, Corporate Services since May 2022.

Irene has more than 20 years' experience working in state and federal governments, largely focused on service transformation and delivery. She has a keen interest in ensuring programs are people-centric and that digital technologies are leveraged to enhance customer and employee experience.

Irene has led policy and programs in communities, digital economy, employment, small business and training. She has also led Queensland Shared Services, modernising and optimising the shared services used by agencies and departments. Irene has also held previous senior executive roles, with responsibilities for corporate services, customer services and specialist advisory teams, and has been a member of the Workplace Health and Safety Board of Queensland.

David Shankey

Member: Deputy Director-General, Energy

LLB. BCom

David Shankey was appointed Deputy Director-General of the Energy Division in the Department of Energy and Public Works in August 2021 and remains in this role within the department.

David led the division as it delivered Queensland's 15-year Energy and Jobs Plan, the most significant and challenging energy reform agenda in the state's history. He now leads the implementation of the plan including the setting up of Queensland Hydro and a \$19 billion investment program through government owned corporations.

Prior to his current role, David was Executive Director in the Energy Division for four years in multiple roles including Strategic Policy and Renewables. Prior to working for the Queensland Government, David worked in both the resources sector and in the media.

The history of working on specialised energy topics and media means he can distil complex thinking around policy reform into understandable and deliverable steps. A history of working in Queensland means he can forge relationships across industry sectors and bring participants together to achieve outcomes by collaborating on strategies to achieve common goals.

Alana Barlow

Member: Deputy Director-General, Hydrogen and Future Fuels

LLB

Alana was appointed as Deputy Director-General of the Hydrogen and Future Fuels division in February 2024.

Alana is an experienced business development executive in the hydrogen sector. Prior to joining the Department of Energy and Climate, Alana managed the National Hydrogen Department for a Japanese trading house with interests in energy, mineral resources, infrastructure and chemicals.

Alana is also an experienced company director for private and industry organisations, including previously the Australian Hydrogen Council. Alana's work in the hydrogen industry has focused on domestic decarbonisation in hard to-abate sectors and hydrogen derivatives for export markets.

Prior to joining the hydrogen industry, Alana worked as an Australian commercial lawyer and company secretarial professional in a variety of sectors including power generation and infrastructure, mineral resources, and diverse international trade, in addition to generalised mergers and acquisitions for cross-border transactions.

Carlye Sycz

Member: Deputy Director-General, Climate

BA(PolSci), GCertGov&Policy

Carlye was appointed as Deputy Director-General, Climate in February 2024.

Carlye has over 15 years' experience in the Queensland Government, focusing on strategic policy development, coordination and community and stakeholder engagement. Carlye's policy background spans economic and social portfolios, where she has delivered policy change and program implementation across the resources and energy sectors, as well as in emergency management and First Nations community development.

Prior to joining the Department of Energy and Climate, Carlye led the development of the Queensland Resources Industry Development Plan and the Queensland Critical Minerals Strategy. These key sector



transformation plans highlight how government will partner with industry to drive sustainable economic growth while creating the clean economy jobs of the future.

Chris Perkins

Member: Acting Deputy Director-General, Queensland Government Procurement

ВА

Chris joined the Department in October 2019 as Principal Advisor Procurement Implementation and was appointed Executive Director of the Queensland Government Procurement Compliance Branch in April 2021.

In March 2024, Chris became the acting Deputy Director-General for Queensland Government Procurement, replacing Sharon Bailey who previously substantively held the position.

Chris has an extensive background in executive level strategy, policy, stakeholder engagement and communications. He has held executive positions within state government departments in Queensland and New South Wales.

Chris also has been a partner in a national strategy and communications consultancy and ran his own consulting business. Chris is now focused on strengthening compliance to drive Queensland's multi-billion procurement spend towards ethical suppliers.

Governance committees

Prior to the machinery-of-government changes in December 2023, the Department of Energy and Public Works operated five subcommittees: Safety and Wellbeing; Sustainability and Resilience; Digital and ICT; People and Culture, and the Audit and Risk Committee.

Four of these subcommittees were dissolved through the machinery-of-government changes, with the Department of Energy and Climate Executive Board now fulfilling the responsibilities of each disestablished subcommittee. The Audit and Risk Committee remains as an ongoing subcommittee in the department's governance structure which supports the Executive Board. The Terms of Reference for the Executive Board provide for additional select committees which are established on a temporary basis to support specific initiatives or priorities.

Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee acts as an advisory service to the Director-General to assist in the effective discharge of the responsibilities in the *Financial Accountability Act 2009*, the *Financial and Performance Management Standard 2019* and other relevant legislation and prescribed requirements.

A key duty of the committee is to ensure processes are in place to provide reasonable assurance to the Director-General that the department's core business goals and objectives are achieved in an efficient and economical manner, within an appropriate framework of governance, internal controls and risk management.

Chair: Julie-Anne Schafer (external member)

Members:

- Christopher Johnson (external member)
- Irene Violet, Deputy Director-General, Corporate Services
- Ainslie Barron, Assistant Director-General, Building Policy (until 18 December 2023 machinery of government changes)

In 2023–24, the Audit and Risk Committee:



- considered internal audit reports and Queensland Audit Office reports including performance audit reports and associated recommendations
- received updates on major initiatives in the department, including limited life programs and key departmental risks
- monitored and advised on the interim internal audit model which resulted from the machinery-ofgovernment changes in December 2023.

The Audit and Risk Committee met on five occasions during 2023–24.

The remuneration paid to two external members was as follows: Julie Anne Schafer (\$3,098) and Chris Johnson (\$6,006).

Information Security Select Committee

The Information Security Select Committee will support the Director-General to comply with the Queensland Government Information Security Policy (IS18:2018).

It will operate between June 2024 and September 2024 and will oversee the department's information security annual return and the Information security plan for 2024–25.

Chair: Deputy Director-General, Corporate Services

Members:

- Deputy Director-General, Queensland Government Procurement
- General Manager, QFleet
- Executive Director, Strategy, National and Analytics, Energy
- Executive Director, Strategy, Performance and Digital, Corporate Services

In 2023–24, the Information Security Select Committee:

- Confirmed the role of Information Security Select Committee members.
- Received an update on the department's progress towards implementing recommendations addressed to all government departments pertaining to cyber security from two Queensland Audit Office reports – State entities 2023 and Responding to and recovering from cyber-attacks.

The Information Security Select Committee met on one occasion during 2023–24.

Public sector ethics

When performing official duties, employees are required to demonstrate high ethical standards and values in accordance with the *Public Sector Ethics Act 1994* (PSE Act) and the *Code of Conduct for the Queensland Public Service* (the Code of Conduct).

To ensure the department's employees are aware of their ethical obligations and standards of behaviour expected of them, the department provides online Public Sector Ethics training (PSET). PSET includes content relating to:

- the four principles set out in the PSE Act
- the Code of Conduct
- · ethical decision making
- other key legislation guiding professional conduct, including employees' responsibilities and obligations.



PSET is provided to new employees as part of induction. Existing employees are required to undertake a mandatory PSET refresher on an annual basis.

During 2023–24, the department also developed and delivered a range of prevention, awareness and education initiatives relating to ethical conduct, with a particular focus on integrity, ethical decision making, corrupt conduct prevention and management of conflicts of interest.

The department has a robust Integrity Framework, which represents an integrated approach to preventing, detecting and responding to serious wrongdoing (including suspected fraud and corruption) in the department.

The Integrity Framework is underpinned by legislation governing ethical conduct (including the PSE Act), the Code of Conduct and the department's integrity policies and procedures. The department promotes, encourages and supports an ethical and accountable culture within the department.

Risk management

As a result of the machinery-of-government changes on 18 December 2023, the department renewed its risk system and built upon the processes in place for the previous Department of Energy and Public Works. The department's risk system outlines six focus areas to integrate risk management into key planning processes, performance monitoring and departmental activities, to ensure risk management is applied consistently and enables sound, evidence-based decision making.

- 1. **Governance and assurance** governance and accountability structures mandate the risk function and ensures its effective operation. The department's Executive Board monitor relevant risks, the Audit and Risk Committee and Internal Audit provide independent oversight and assurance.
- 2. **Policy and framework** the department's Risk Management Framework, based on international standard AS/NZS ISO 31000:2018, and Risk Management Policy, sets the organisation's tone and expectations, articulates processes and guides using risk management for effective prioritisation of resources.
- 3. **Risk appetite** the risk appetite sets risk taking expectations, supports resource allocation, and provides context to management in formulating strategy. There are different tolerances depending on the nature of a risk, with no tolerance for fraud and corruption risks and low tolerance for critical information asset risks.
- 4. **Execution** the department's risk management process is based on the AS/NZS ISO 31000:2018 standard establishing the context, identifying, analysing, evaluating, treating, monitoring, reporting and communicating risks associated with any activity or function. Strategic risks are managed by relevant Deputy Directors-General and reported to the Executive Board. Operational risks are managed within divisions via centrally located risk registers and a risk-based review schedule is in place.
 - Reporting to inform, discuss and support decision making regarding mitigations is provided to the Executive Board and the Audit and Risk Committee.
- 5. **Competency** the department is focussed on building risk management capability and better risk management practices. To help build a risk-capable department, an online Risk Resource Centre is available for staff which incorporates tools, templates, and an operational risk management manual.
- 6. **Culture** the department aims to create a culture in which understanding, managing and accepting risks is seen as part of everyone's everyday decision-making processes. The tone is set by the department's Executive Board.



Internal audit

Internal Audit supports the department by providing assurance and advice to the Director-General, senior management and the Audit and Risk Committee on whether the department's financial and operational controls are designed to manage the department's risks and achieve the department's objectives and are operating in an efficient and effective manner.

Internal Audit considers the departmental risks and changing risk environment when developing the strategic internal audit plan and triaging its program of works and considers the coverage and management of risks and controls across the department to assess whether an appropriate level of assurance is maintained.

Prior to the machinery-of-government changes in December 2023, the department had a separate Internal Audit unit to provide a quality assurance and improvement program to ensure the efficient, effective and economical operation of the function.

Since the machinery-of-government change, the department has continued with an interim internal audit model, with coordination of internal audit activities being undertaken within Corporate Services in direct consultation with the Audit and Risk Committee and Director-General while an outsourced model was implemented for 2024–25.

During 2023–24, Internal Audit:

- completed four management requests and provided ongoing assurance via continuous controls monitoring in distinct areas
- provided independent advice on a variety of project committees
- followed up on open audit recommendations
- provided ad hoc advice to management on a range of issues.

Information systems and recordkeeping

The department complies with the *Public Records Act 2002* to keep and maintain records of business activities. The department's Recordkeeping policy was developed in accordance with the Act, and the department's supporting procedures provide guidance to employees on the creation and management of departmental business records.

The department's public records are retained in accordance with general or core retention and disposal schedules and relevant legislation.

In 2023–24 we have focused on transitioning records to the correct owning department following machinery-of-government changes effective 18 December 2023. This has been aided by corporate records mostly being created digitally and remaining digital throughout their lifecycle. Security is inbuilt into our records management system and there have been no serious breaches to report.

Information security attestation

During the mandatory annual information security reporting process, the Director-General attested to the appropriateness of the department's information security risk management to the Queensland Government Chief Information Security Officer. Appropriate assurance activities were undertaken to inform this opinion and the department's information security risk position.

The department is committed to continually enhancing its information security position and is implementing an Information Security Management System based on Australian standard ISO/IEC 27001 Information technology – Security techniques – Information security management systems – Requirements.



During 2023–24, the department did not suffer any serious security or data breaches. Our ICT service providers play an instrumental role in safeguarding our digital infrastructure from cyber threats by employing advanced detection systems and robust preventative measures.

The department has recognised that third-party cyber security threats present a growing risk for the department as they can potentially create vulnerabilities through indirect access routes. The department closely manages and monitors third-party partnerships and enforces stringent security protocols to mitigate such risks.

External reviews

The department was not involved in any performance audit review by the Queensland Audit Office (QAO) in 2023–24.

The department did not respond to any coronial inquests in the 2023–24 period.

Service Delivery Statements – performance

We track our performance through a range of service standards, as published in the 2023–24 Service Delivery Statements (SDS) budget paper. Service standards are provided for two service areas and one commercialised business unit (CBU):

- Grow Queensland's energy sector
- Procurement policy and enabling services
- QFleet (CBU).

Grow Queensland's energy sector	2023–24 target/est.	2023–24 actual
Effectiveness measures		
Renewable energy as percentage of total energy consumed in Queensland Percentage of energy consumed in Queensland is calculated as a 12-month moving average.	25.9%	28.2%
Average time of energy (electricity and gas) licensing assessments The favourable variance between the 2023–24 Actual and the 2023–24 Target/Estimate and the published 2023–24 Estimated Actual (68 days) is the result of improved efficiency when processing and assessing applications.	<120 days	74 days
Efficiency measure		
Cost per biofuels exemption application assessed The favourable variance between the 2023–24 Actual and the 2023–24 Target/Estimate is due to improved processing efficiencies. The minor variance between the published 2023–24 Estimated Actual (\$3,270) and the 2023–24 Actual is due to final quarter adjustments and is still within the target.	<\$4,680	\$3,320

Procurement policy and enabling services	2023–24 target/est.	2023–24 actual
Effectiveness measures		
Overall customer satisfaction with the enabling activities that support agency implementation of the Queensland Procurement Policy	≥90%	90.3%
Efficiency measure		
Operating cost per \$1,000 of managed spend on general goods and services	<\$2	N/A
General Goods and Services report one quarter behind due to availability of Supplier data. This data will be published at www.energyandclimate.qld.gov.au by 31 December 2024		

QFleet	2023–24 target/est.	2023–24 actual
Effectiveness measures		
Percentage of QFleet vehicles with 5-star ANCAP safety rating	90%	93%
Fleet vehicle utilisation compared to agreed leased parameters The variance between 2023–24 Target/Estimate and 2023–24 Estimated Actual is mainly due to agency flexible working arrangements and the reduced demands on motor vehicle use.	90%	77%
Efficiency measure		
Total current assets over total current liabilities The variance between 2023-24 Target/Estimate and 2023-24 Actual is mainly due a change in vehicle acquisition strategies to overcome supply chain issues, with flow on impacts to cash balances, higher payables, taxation and increased short-term borrowings.	12:1	0.63:1
Financial return as a percentage of total net assets The variance between 2023-24 Target/Estimate and 2023-24 Actual is mainly due to a higher operating surplus achieved than budgeted.	5.1%	10.6%
Total net debt as a percentage of total capital The variance between 2023-24 Target/Estimate and 2023-24 Actual is mainly due to higher net debt as a result of a lower cash balance and increase in short-term borrowings.	59.1%	65.8%

Appendices

Appendix 1 – Statutory bodies

The following statutory body prepares a separate annual report that is provided to the Minister for Energy and Clean Economy Jobs.

Name of body as described in the constituting Act	Constituting Act	Annual reporting arrangements
Energy and Water Ombudsman of Queensland	Energy and Water Ombudsman Act 2006	Annual report to Parliament

Appendix 2 – Government bodies

The Tripartite Procurement Advisory Panel was the only active government body during 2023–24 with reporting arrangements to the department.

The Queensland Climate Advisory Council was not active throughout 2023–24.

The Advisory Council to the Energy and Water Ombudsman Queensland (EWOQ) forms part of the EWOQ and as such will be reported in the EWOQ Annual Report.

Additional information on government bodies is available on the department's website: www.energyandclimate.gld.gov.au

Tripartite Procurement Advisory Panel			
Act or instrument	Terms of Reference		
Functions	The Tripartite Procurement Advisory Panel (the Panel) is the independent, expert body providing advice and recommendations to the Queensland Government on penalties (demerits and/or sanction) applicable under the Ethical Supplier Mandate (the Mandate) for non-compliance with the Ethical Supplier Threshold (the Threshold) and/or other contractual commitments.		
	The Panel's role covers three broad areas which include:		
	Providing advice and recommendations to relevant decision makers regarding appropriate penalties and/or remedial action regarding breaches of the Threshold and other contractual non-compliances under the Mandate.		
	2. Providing broader systems improvement advice for consideration by the procuring agency.		
	3. Reviewing all appeals lodged by suppliers.		
Achievements	In 2023–24, 22 cases of alleged supplier non-compliance were considered by the Panel. Of these, sixteen cases were confirmed as non-compliant, leading to sanctions for three suppliers and demerits for thirteen suppliers. At 30 June 2024, six cases were pending referral to decision makers.		
Financial reporting	Costs associated with the Panel are included as expenditure in the accounts of the Department of Energy and Climate (costs taken from the operational budget). The departmental accounts are audited by the Auditor-General.		

Remuneration					
Position	Name	Meetings/ sessions attendance ¹	Approved annual, sessional or daily fee	Approved sub-committee fees² if applicable	Actual fees received ³ 2023–24
Chair	John Thompson	11	\$650 daily	\$975	\$8,125
Deputy Chair	Jennifer McVeigh	7	\$650 daily	\$975	\$4,225
Member	John Crittall	5	\$500 daily	\$750	\$3,500
Member	Stephen Nance	3	\$500 daily	\$750	\$1,750
Member	Shane Kennelly	7	\$500 daily	\$750	\$3,747
Member	Angela Liebke	3	\$500 daily	\$750	\$0
Member	Anne Milner	5	\$500 daily	\$750	\$0
Member	Jorgen Gullestrup	5	\$500 daily	\$750	\$2,805
Member	John Shenfield	3	\$500 daily	\$750	\$1,750
Member	Jason Stein	5	\$500 daily	\$750	\$2,750
Member	Thomas Campbell	5	\$500 daily	\$750	\$2,000
Member	Graham Moloney	4	\$500 daily	\$750	\$2,500
No. scheduled meetings/ sessions	3 full Panel meetings to communicate updates and seek advice on strategic challenges. 12 Panel (sub-committee) meetings to consider cases of alleged non-compliance and recommend penalties under the Ethical Supplier Mandate as necessary.				
Total out of pocket expenses	\$0				

- 1. Cumulative total comprising number of full Panel and Panel sub-committee meetings attended over the financial year.
- 2. A Panel sub-committee comprises the Chair or Deputy Chair plus two members and is called into session to consider allegations of breaches of the Ethical Supplier Threshold and/or other contractual commitments by government suppliers.
- 3. Due to late lodgement of remuneration claims, actual fees received amount is less than the total remuneration a panel member was entitled to receive in 2023–24.



Appendix 3 - Glossary of Terms

ARRs Annual report requirements for Queensland Government agencies

CBU Commercialised business unit

CER Consumer Energy Resources

CSES Climate Smart Energy Savers

DEC Department of Energy and Climate

ECMC Energy and Climate Change Ministerial Council

EWOQ Energy and Water Ombudsman Queensland

EVs Electric Vehicles

EVP Employee Value Proposition

FAA Financial Accountability Act 2009

FTE Full-time equivalent

FPMS Financial and Performance Management Standard 2019

GoC Government Owned Corporation

GPO General Post Office

GW Gigawatt

HR Act Human Rights Act 2019

ICT Information and Communication Technology

kW Kilowatt

PHES Pumped hydroelectric storage

PSET Public Sector Ethics training

QAO Queensland Audit Office

QEJP Queensland Energy and Jobs Plan

QFF Queensland Farmers Federation

QGOV Queensland Government

SWP Strategic Workforce Plan

SDS Service Delivery Statements

ZEV Zero emission vehicle

Appendix 4 – Compliance checklist

Summary of rec	quirement	Basis for requirement	Annual report reference
Letter of compliance	A letter of compliance from the accountable officer or statutory body to the relevant Minister/s	ARRs – section 7	5
Accessibility	Table of contentsGlossary	ARRs – section 9.1	2, 58
	Public availability	ARRs – section 9.2	3
	Interpreter service statement	Queensland Government Language Services Policy ARRs – section 9.3	3
	Copyright notice	Copyright Act 1968 ARRs – section 9.4	3
	Information Licensing	QGEA – Information Licensing ARRs – section 9.5	3
General information	Introductory Information	ARRs – section 10	6-9
Non-financial performance	Government's objectives for the community and whole-of-government plans/specific initiatives	ARRs – section 11.1	10-14
	Agency objectives and performance indicators	ARRs – section 11.2	17-36
	Agency service areas and service standards	ARRs – section 11.3	50-51
Financial performance	Summary of financial performance	ARRs – section 12.1	63-66
Governance –	Organisational structure	ARRs – section 13.1	16
management and structure	Executive management	ARRs – section 13.2	43-45
	Government bodies (statutory bodies and other entities)	ARRs – section 13.3	52-54
	Public Sector Ethics	Public Sector Ethics Act 1994 ARRs – section 13.4	46
	Human Rights	Human Rights Act 2019 ARRs – section 13.5	41

Summary of requirement		Basis for requirement	Annual report reference
	Queensland public service values	ARRs – section 13.6	13
Governance – risk management	Risk management	ARRs – section 14.1	47
	Audit committee	ARRs – section 14.2	45
and accountability	Internal audit	ARRs – section 14.3	48
	External scrutiny	ARRs – section 14.4	49
	Information systems and recordkeeping	ARRs – section 14.5	48
	Information Security attestation	ARRs – section 14.6	48-49
Governance – human resources	Strategic workforce planning and performance	ARRs – section 15.1	39
	Early retirement, redundancy and retrenchment	Directive No.04/18 Early Retirement, Redundancy and Retrenchment ARRs – section 15.2	38
Open Data	Statement advising publication of information	ARRs – section 16	4
	Consultancies	ARRs – section 31.1	https://data.qld.gov.au
	Overseas travel	ARRs – section 31.2	https://data.qld.gov.au
	Queensland Language Services Policy	ARRs – section 31.3	https://data.qld.gov.au
Financial statements	Certification of financial statements	FAA – section 62 FPMS – sections 38, 39 and 46 ARRs – section 17.1	125
	Independent Auditor's Report	FAA – section 62 FPMS – section 46 ARRs – section 17.2	126-128

FAA Financial Accountability Act 2009

FPMS Financial and Performance Management Standard 2019

ARRs Annual report requirements for Queensland Government agencies

Financial Statements 2023–24

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Financial Summary

As a result of the *Public Service Departmental Arrangements Notice (No. 5) 2023*, the former Department of Energy and Public Works was renamed to Department of Energy and Climate on 18 December 2023.

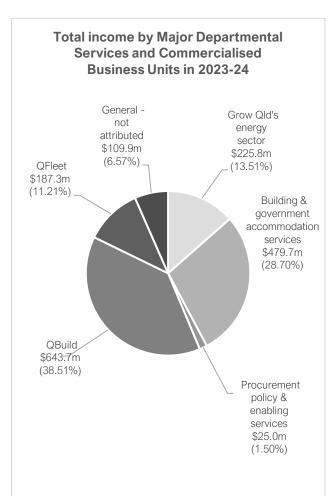
Pursuant to section 80 of the *Financial Accountability Act 2009*, for financial reporting purposes the effective date of the transfer was 1 January 2024.

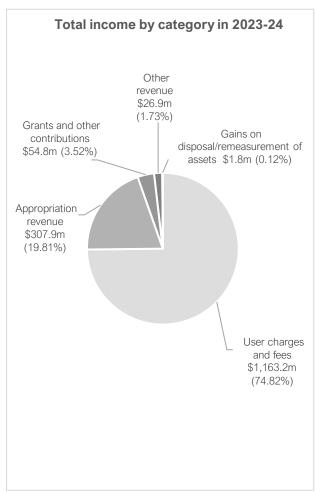
As at 30 June 2024 the reporting entity comprised the Department of Energy and Climate and one commercialised business unit, QFleet.

A Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 and a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2024 are provided on the following pages.

The department obtains the majority of its total income from user charges and fees which comprise \$1,163 million or 75 percent of the department's total income of \$1,555 million. User charges include:

- building services
- commercial employee housing to other Queensland state government entities
- fleet management services.



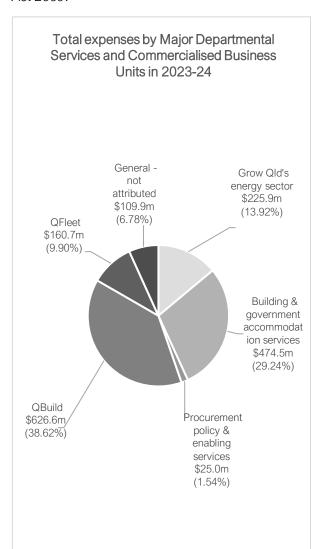


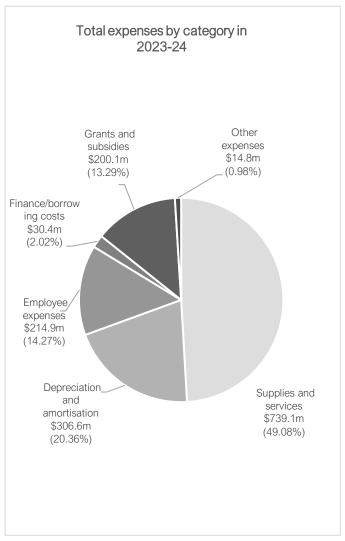
The major expense of the department is supplies and services which totals \$739.1 million or 49 percent of the department's expenses of \$1,506 million. The major supplies and services comprise building, construction and maintenance services.

Statement by the Chief Finance Officer

In accordance with the requirements of the *Financial Accountability Act 2009*, the Chief Finance Officer has provided the Director-General with a statement confirming the financial internal controls of the department are operating efficiently, effectively and economically in conformance with Section 54 of the *Financial and Performance Management Standard 2019*. The statement was presented at the Audit and Risk Committee meeting in August 2024.

The Chief Finance Officer has fulfilled the minimum responsibilities as required by the *Financial Accountability Act 2009*.





[#] Expenses by Major Departmental Services and Commercialised Business Units do not include internal departmental transaction eliminations which are eliminated in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.



Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the period 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024

for the period 1 daily 2020 to 30 daile 2024			
	Note	Actual 2023-24	Actual 2022-23
		\$'000	\$'000
INCOME			
User charges and fees	1	1,163,231	2,014,224
Appropriation revenue		307,946	241,010
Grants and other contributions		54,826	33,055
Other revenue		26,876	31,007
Gains on disposal /remeasurement of assets		1,831	555
Total income		1,554,710	2,319,851
EXPENSES			
Supplies and services	1	739,118	1,321,102
Depreciation and amortisation	1	306,582	536,245
Employee expenses		214,899	287,380
Finance/borrowing costs		30,435	39,881
Grants and subsidies	2	200,061	77,015
Other expenses		14,821	19,141
Total expenses		1,505,916	2,280,764
Operating result before income tax		48,794	39,087
Income tax benefit /(expense)		(13,490)	(6,487)
Operating result after income tax		35,304	32,600
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Items that will not be reclassified to operating result			
Increase/(decrease) in asset revaluation surplus	1	1,838	141,361
Total other comprehensive income		1,838	141,361
Total comprehensive income		37,142	173,961

Notes:

- The decrease is due to the Machinery of Government change that occurred during 2023-24 whereby QBuild and Public Works transferred to the Department of Housing, Local Government, Planning and Public Works (effective 1 January 2024). Therefore the 2023-24 figures only include 6 months of balances for QBuild and Public Works.
- 2. The increased amount in Grants and subsidies is mainly due to increased payment under the Housing Resilience Program, the Household Energy Initiatives program, and the Regional Economic Future Fund.

Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2024

as at 30 June 2024			
	Note	Actual 2023-24	Actual 2022-23
		\$'000	\$'000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	3,4	(36,149)	402,330
Receivables	3	79,438	162,756
Contract assets	3	0	77,596
Other current assets		17,654	17,701
Non-current assets classified as held for sale		0	671
Total current assets		60,943	661,054
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	3	362,150	3,804,216
Right-of-use assets	3	0	1,553,727
Receivables	3	0	58,571
Other non-current assets		300	8,288
Total non-current assets		362,450	5,424,802
TOTAL ASSETS		423,393	6,085,856
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liabilities		0	395,692
Payables	3	50,988	257,192
Borrowings	5	17,598	0
Queen's Wharf deferred consideration	3	0	71,250
Accrued employee benefits		2,939	9,923
Provisions		183	39,622
Unearned revenue	3	0	17,526
Other current liabilities		16,138	47,784
Total current liabilities		87,846	838,989
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liabilities	3	0	1,427,552
Borrowings	5	206,512	196,512
Queen's Wharf deferred consideration	3	0	48,142
Provisions		0	6,057
Unearned revenue	3	0	22,484
Other non-current liabilities		16,336	19,677
Total non-current liabilities		222,848	1,720,424
TOTAL LIABILITIES		310,694	2,559,413
NET ASSETS		112,699	3,526,443
EQUITY			
Contributed equity		34,103	3,107,542
Asset revaluation surplus		0	366,463
Accumulated surplus/(deficit)		78,596	52,438
TOTAL EQUITY		112,699	3,526,443

The decrease is due to the Machinery of Government change that occurred during 2023-24 whereby QBuild and Public Works transferred to the Department of Housing, Local Government, Planning and Public Works (effective 1 January 2024). Therefore the 2023-24 figures do not include any balances for QBuild or Public Works.

The negative cash balance as at 30 June 2024 relates to the timing of cash flows into the main bank account which has been shared with the Department of Housing, Local Government, Planning and Public Works since the machinery-of-government change.

The increase in Borrowings is mainly to fund a temporary gap in long term borrowings to finance motor vehicle purchases.

INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following financial statements have been prepared by the department and audited by the Auditor-General of Queensland:

- Statement of Comprehensive Income
- Statement of Comprehensive Income by Major Departmental Services and Commercialised Business Units
- Statement of Financial Position
- Statement of Assets and Liabilities by Major Departmental Services and Commercialised Business Units
- Statement of Changes in Equity
- Statement of Cash Flows
- Notes to the Financial Statements 2023–24
- Management Certificate
- Independent Auditor's Report.

General Information

These financial statements cover the Department of Energy and Climate.

The department is controlled by the State of Queensland which is the ultimate parent.

The head office and principal place of business of the department is:

1 William St

BRISBANE QLD 4000

A description of the nature of the department's operations and its principal activities is included in the notes to the financial statements.

For information in relation to the department's financial statements, please call 13QGOV (13 74 68) or visit the departmental website https://www.energyandclimate.qld.gov.au